

Integrated MEMS by adhesive bonding and open collaboration

M.Esashi, S.Tanaka (Tohoku University)



1. Introduction

2. Integrated MEMS by adhesive wafer bonding

Principle and filters

Piezoelectric switches

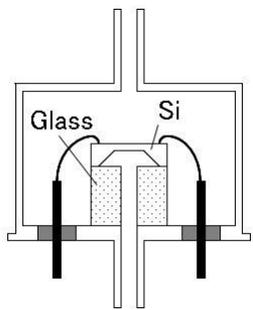
Tactile sensor network

Massive parallel EB exposure system

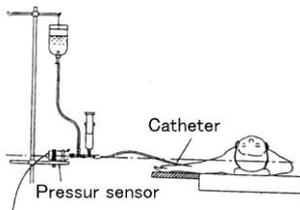
3. Wafer level packaging

4. Open collaboration

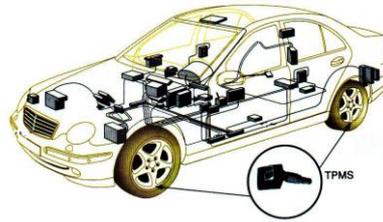
5. Conclusions



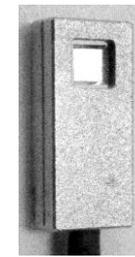
Engine control



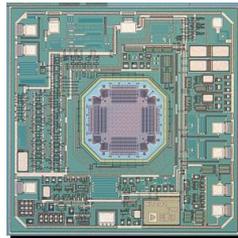
Blood pressure sensing



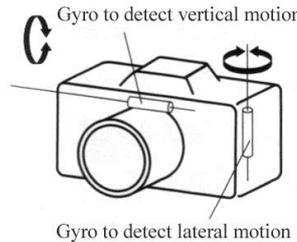
Tire pressure monitoring



Microphone



Accelerometer for airbag



Gyro for camera



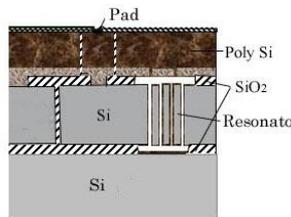
Accelerometer for user interface

Accelerometer & Gyro

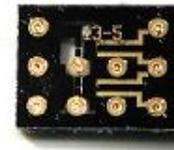
Structure + sensor + circuit + actuator

Advantages

- **Miniaturization** (high sensitivity, low power, good spatial resolution, etc.)
- **Integration** (low cost, array etc.)



Oscillator



MEMS switch

Communication



Print head



Display (DMD)



IR imager (Night vision)

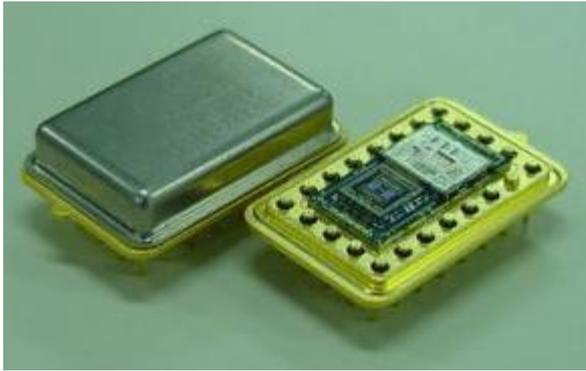
Image (MEMS array)

1990

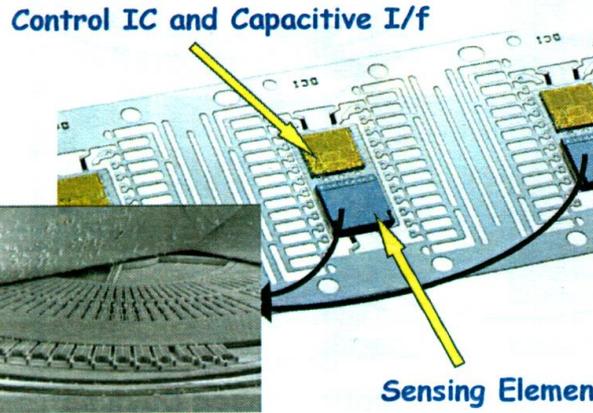
2000

2010 year 2

Trends of MEMS (Micro Electro Mechanical Systems) products (+13% in sales)

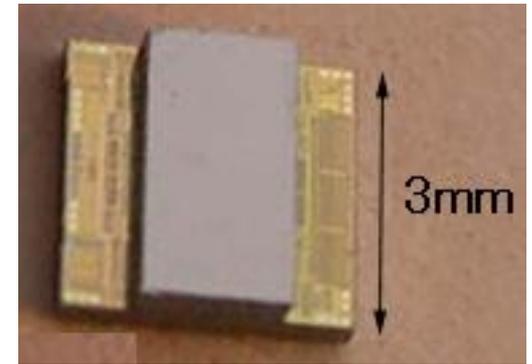


(Toyota)

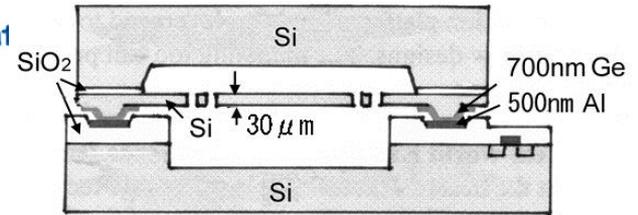


THELMA15 Process

(ST microelectronics)



3mm



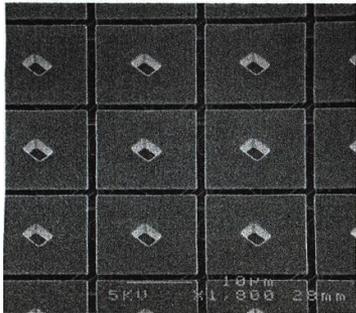
CMOS

(Invensense)

Inertia sensors (SIP) MEMS chip + LSI chip

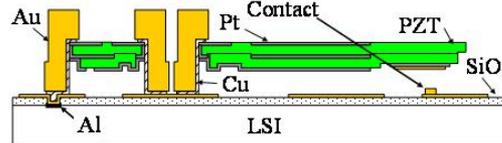
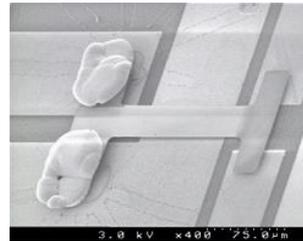


←17μm→



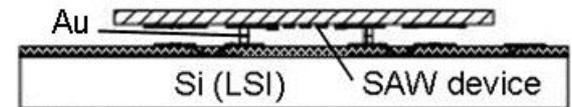
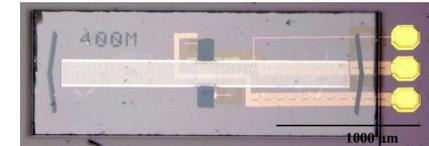
Array MEMS for display

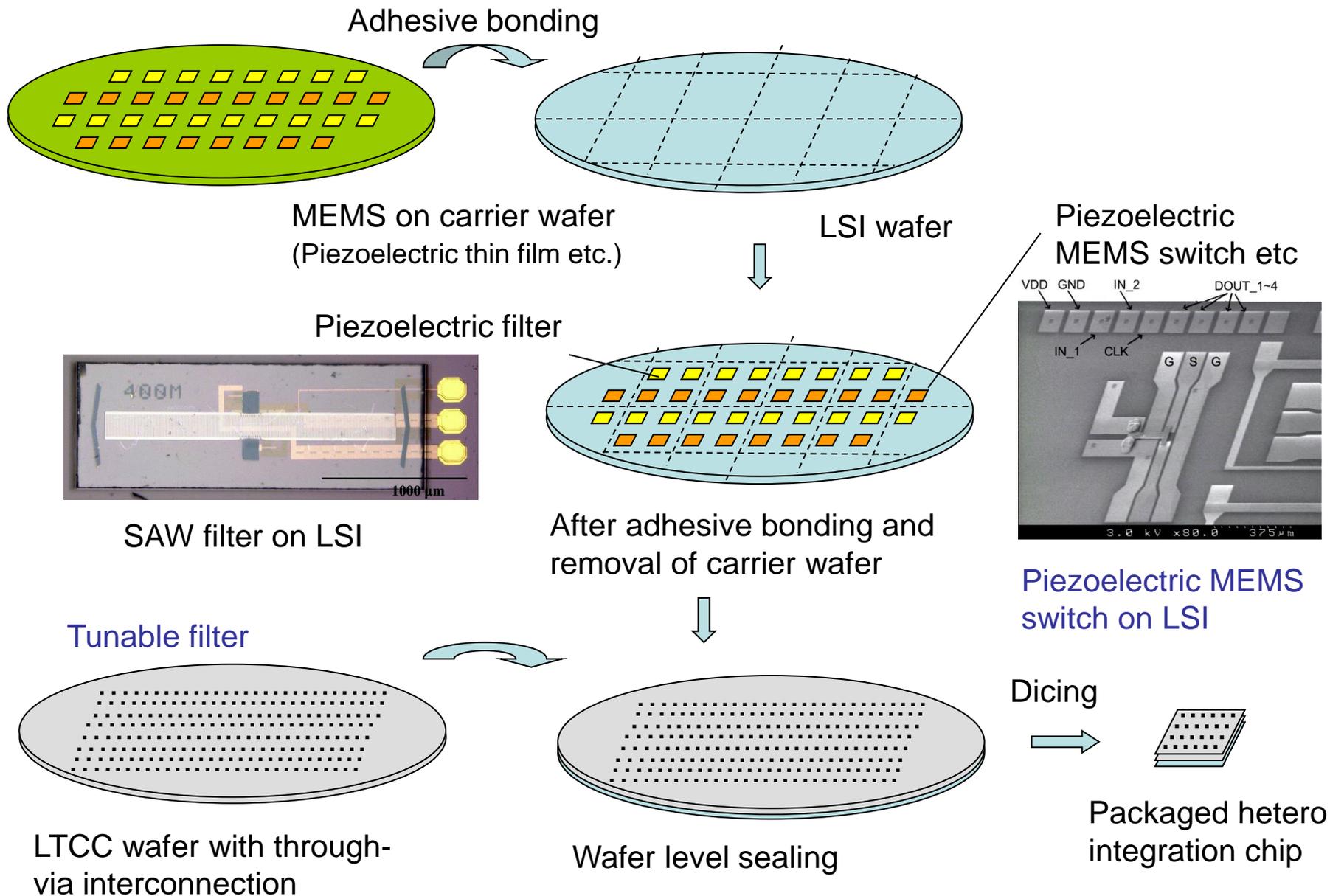
(SOC) MEMS on LSI



MEMS for wireless communication

(Adhesive bonding of MEMS wafer on LSI wafer)





Hetero integration by adhesive bonding

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Piezoelectric switches

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Massive parallel EB exposure system

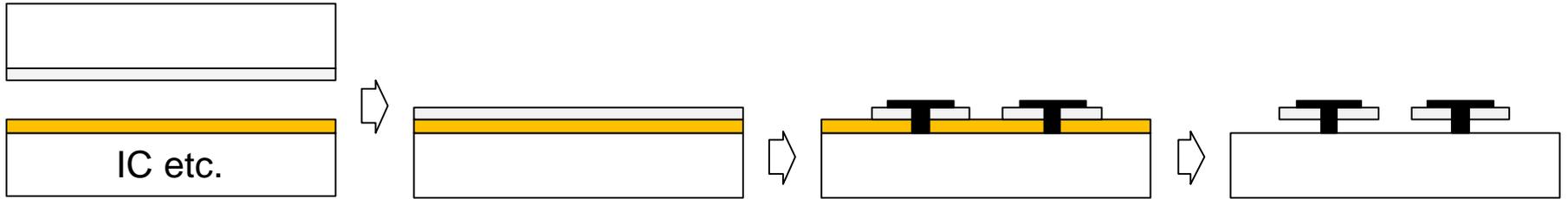
3. Wafer level packaging

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5. Conclusions

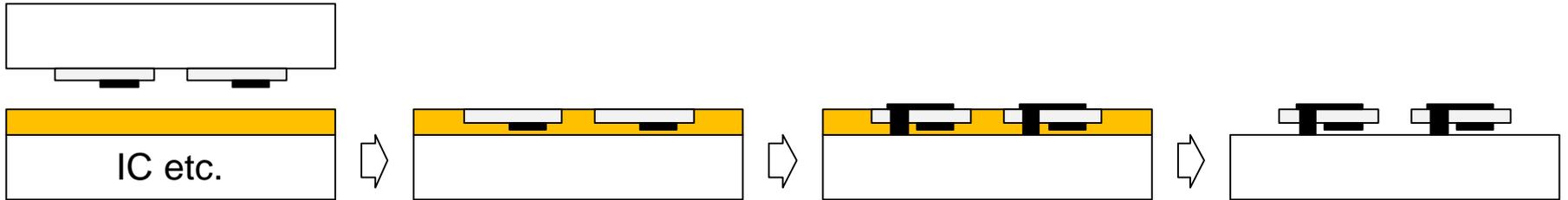
1) Film transfer using polymer → Device fabrication → Polymer removal

High temp. deposition



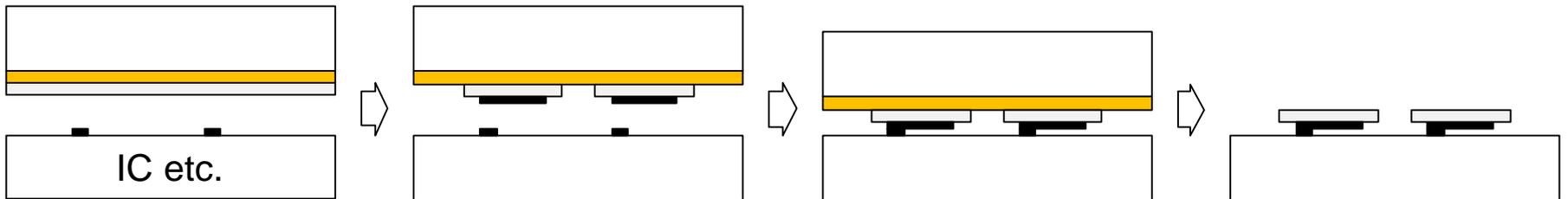
2) Device fabrication → Device transfer using polymer → Polymer removal

High temp. process

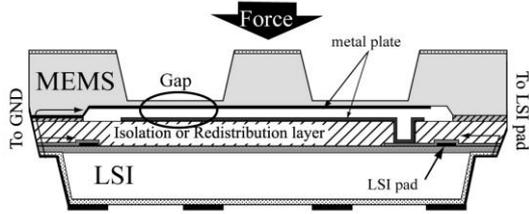


3) Film preparation → Device fabrication → Device transfer by bonding and polymer removal

Bonding & polishing

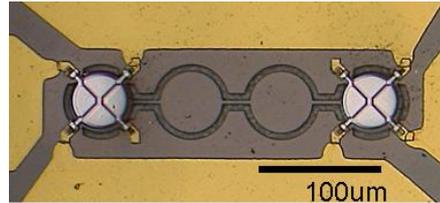
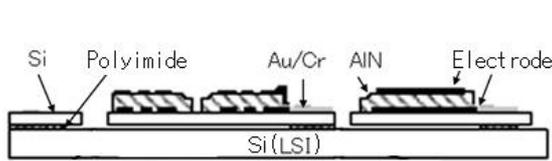
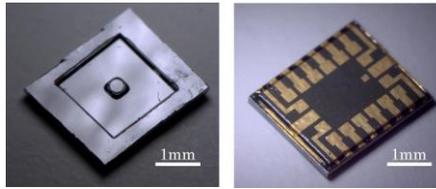


Wafer-Level Hetero Integration Processes



Tactile sensor

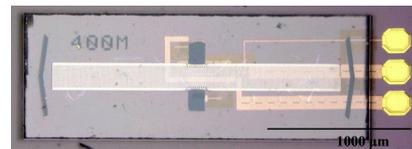
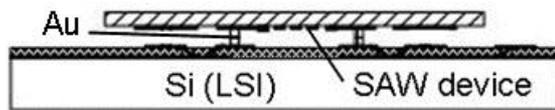
Bonding with **BCB (Cyclotene)**



Micromechanical resonator

Bonding with **polyimide**

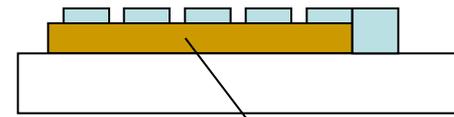
Partly etching of polymer after bonding



SAW filter on LSI

Bonding with **UV curable resin**

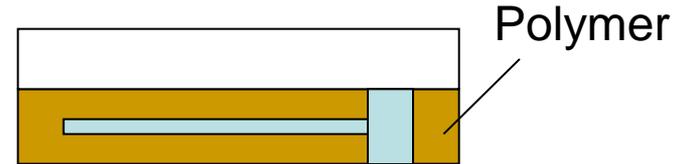
Remove after temporary bonding



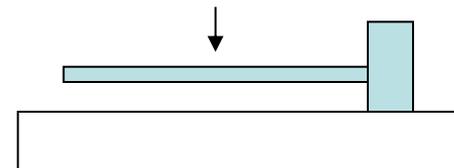
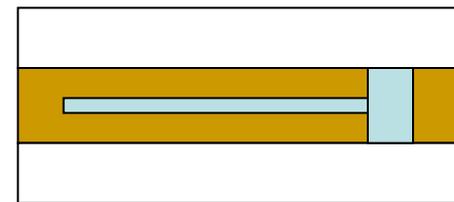
Sacrificial layer



Surface micromachining

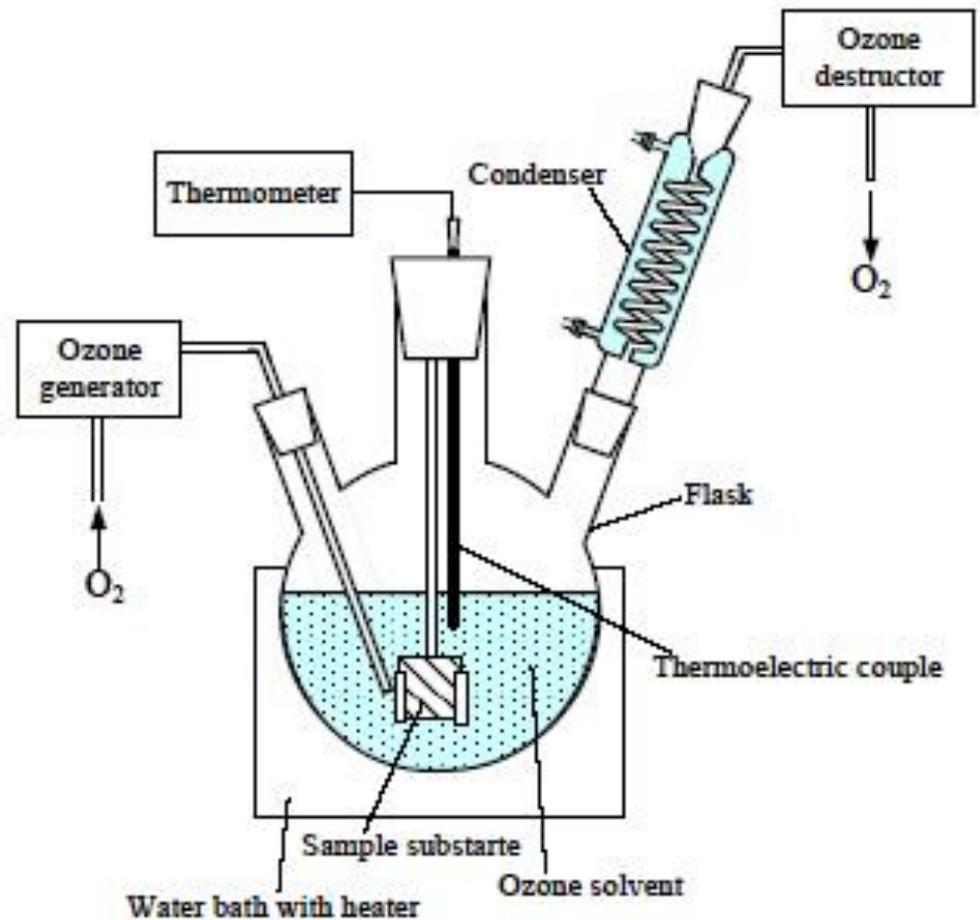
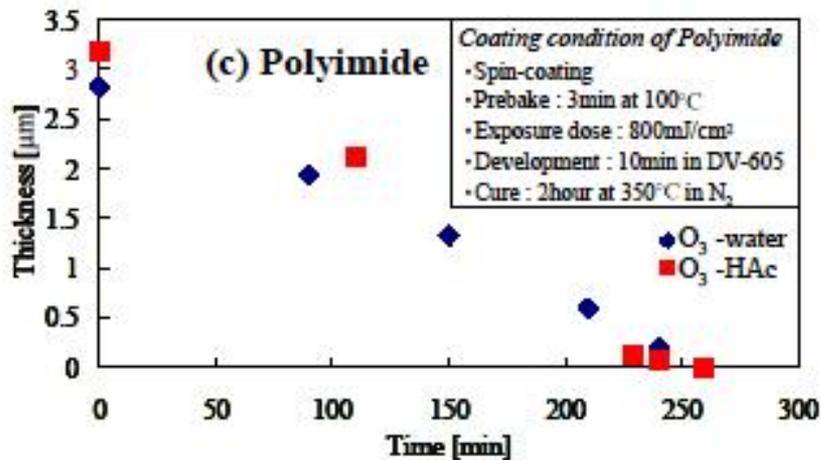
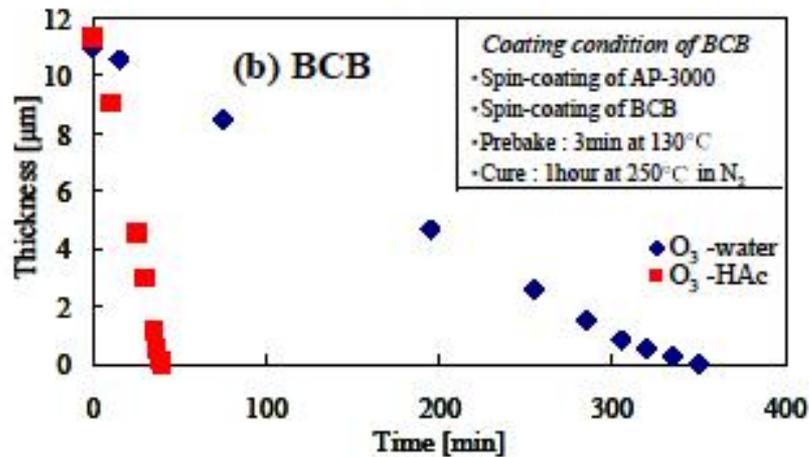
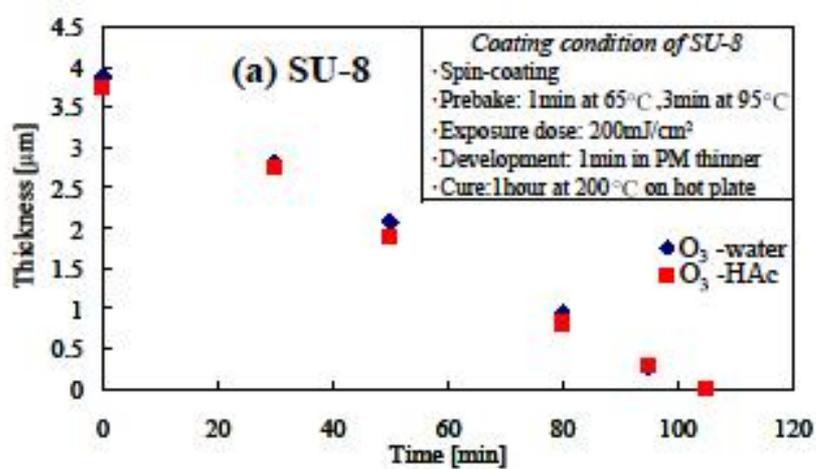


Polymer



Adhesive bonding

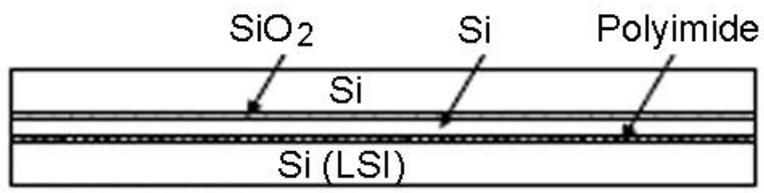
Application of adhesive bonding



Removal of polymers by ozone in acetic acid

(H. Yanagida, IEEE MEMS2011, 324)

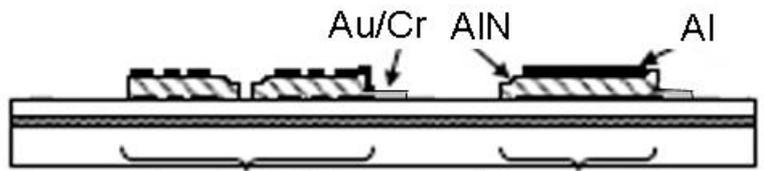
1. Bonding of SOI wafer to LSI with polyimide



2. Etching of Si and SiO2

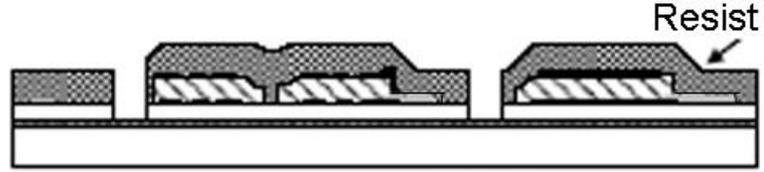


3. Fabrication of MEMS resonators

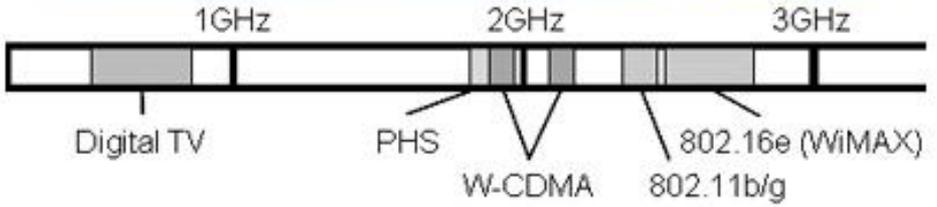
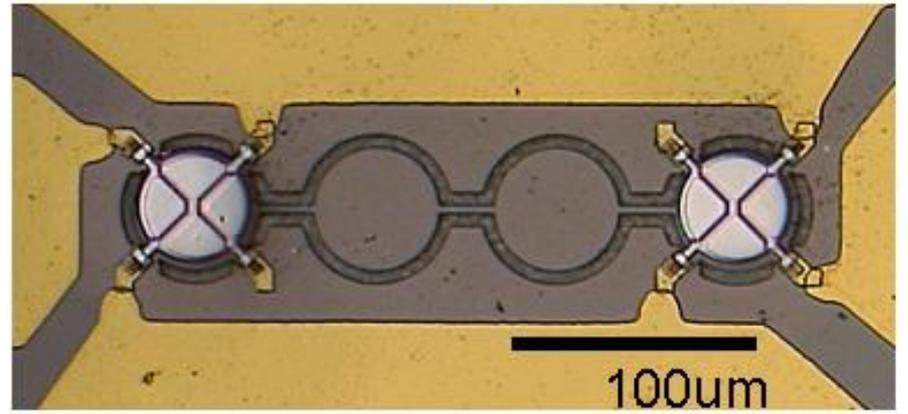


Micromechanical disk resonator FBAR

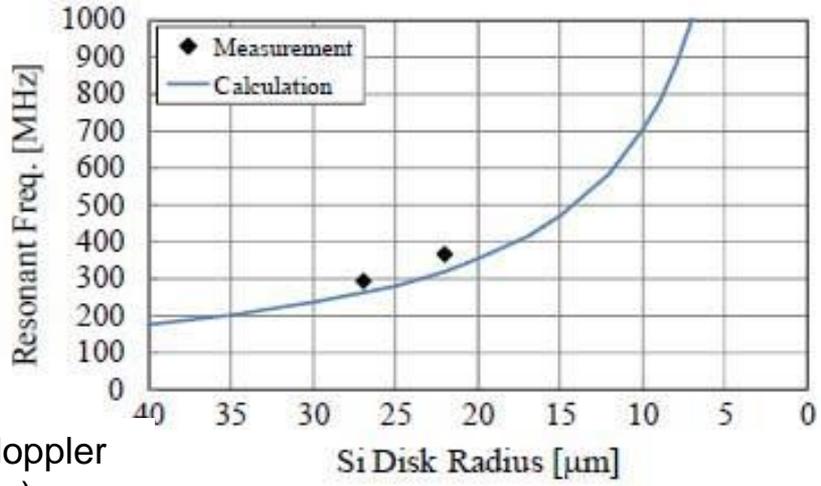
4. Si RIE with a resist mask



5. Polyimide ashing to release MEMS

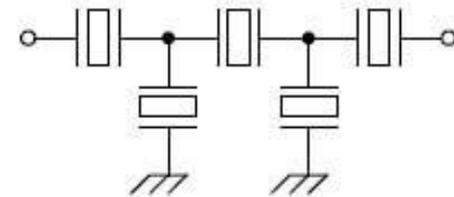
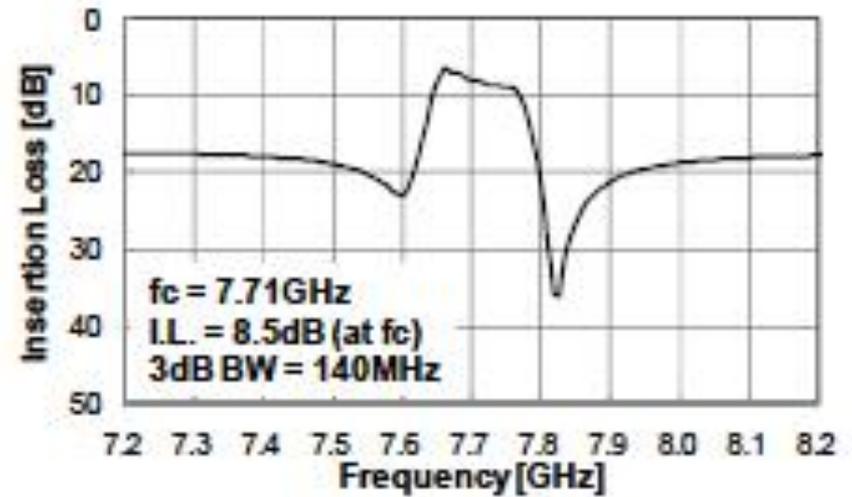
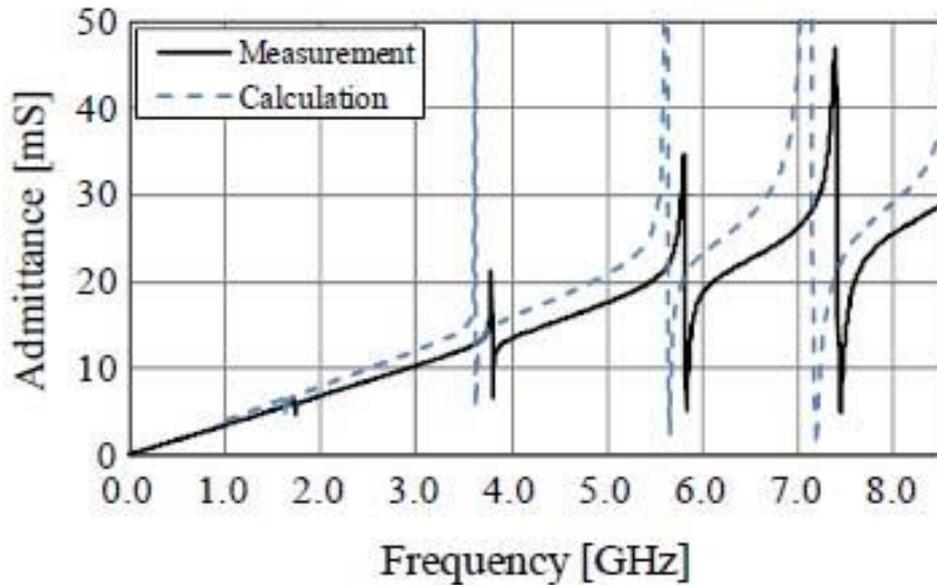
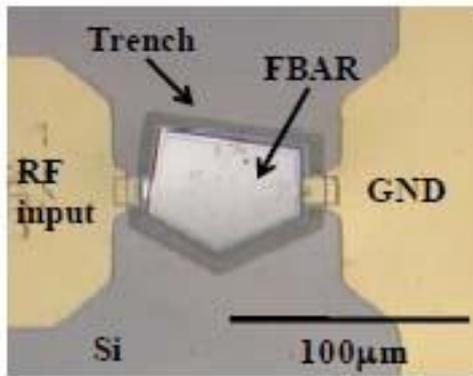


High freq. laser doppler imaging (293 MHz)
(Polytec UHF120)

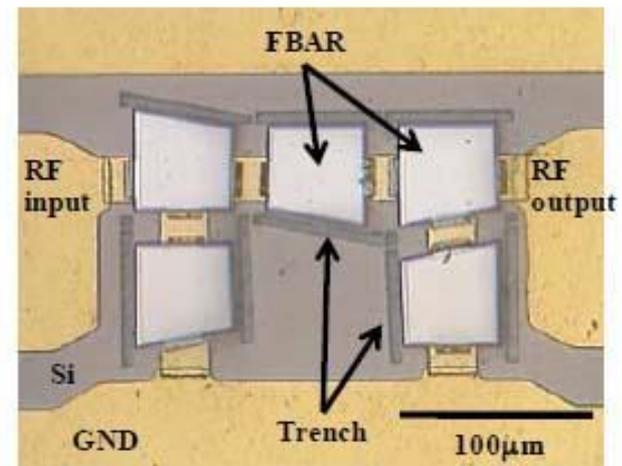


AlN/Si composite disk resonators and FBAR for multiband wireless systems

(T.Matsumura (NICT), J. of Micromech. Microeng., 20, 9 (2010) 95027)



(a) Three-stage ladder-type filter topology.

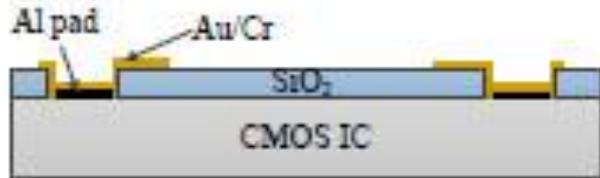


(b) Top view of the fabricated ladder-type FBAR filter.

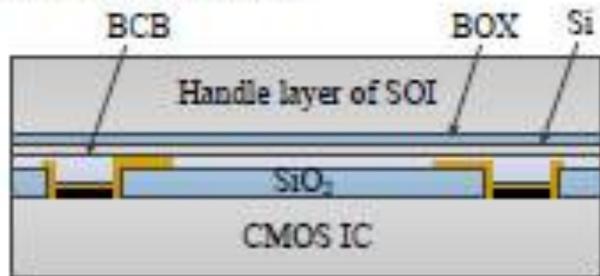
FBAR (Film Bulk Acoustic Resonator)

(T.Matsumura, M.Esashi, H.Harada and S.Tanaka, 2009 IEEE Internl. Ultrasonic Symposium (2009) 2141)

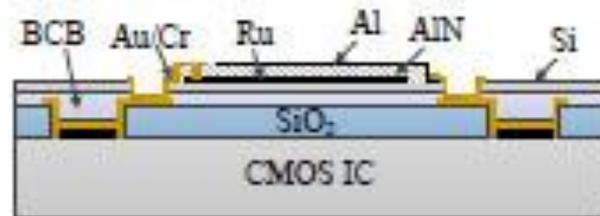
1. Preparation of CMOS IC



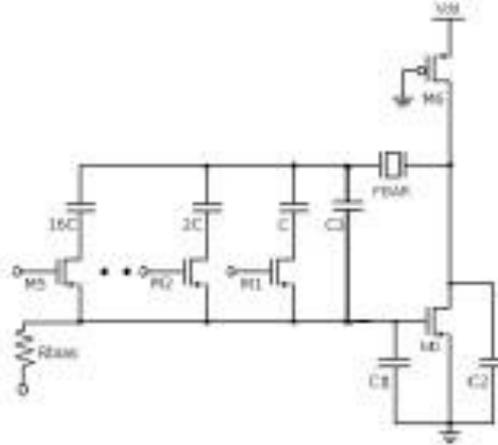
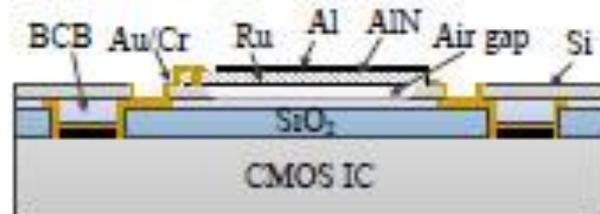
2. BCB adhesive bonding by flipping the SOI wafer on CMOS wafer and removal of handle Si & BOX layer



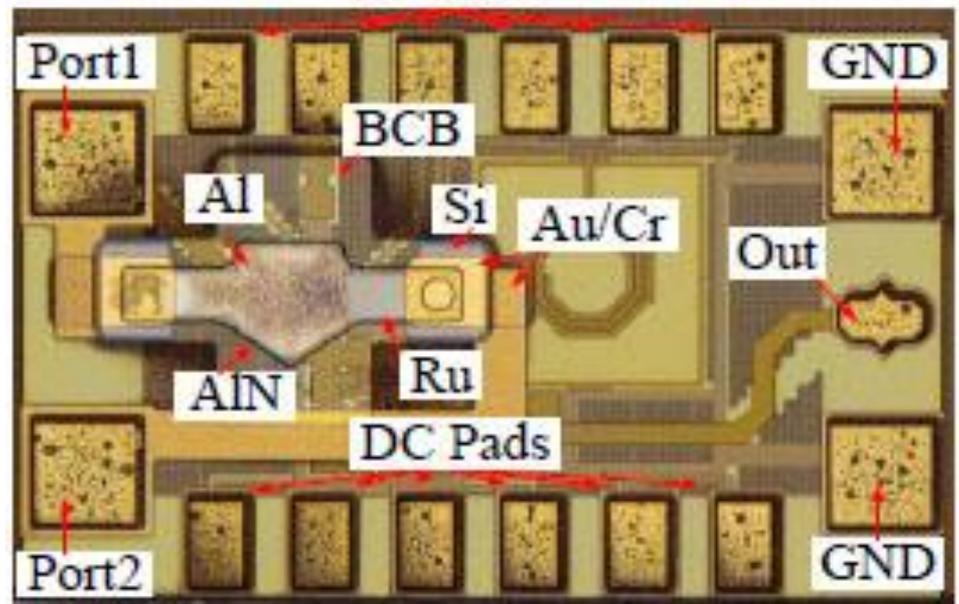
3. FBAR fabrication and its interconnection with CMOS IC



4. Sacrificial etching of Si underneath the active FBAR area

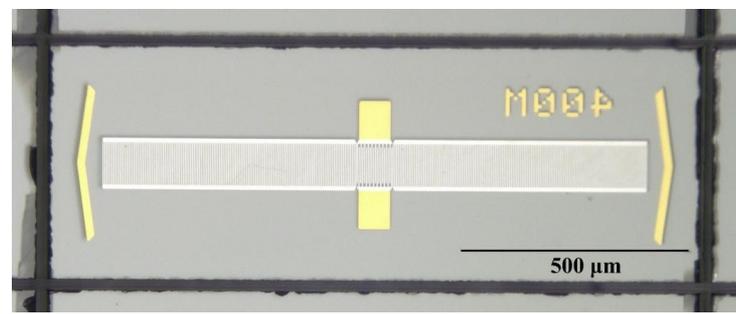
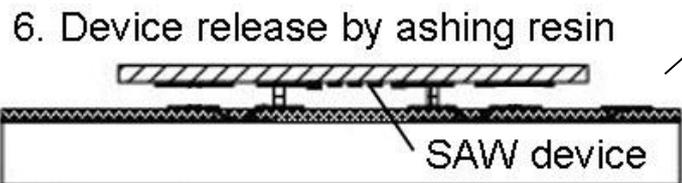
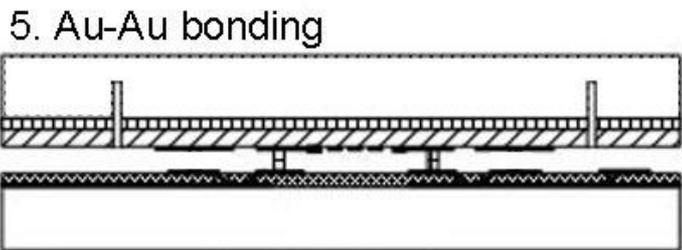
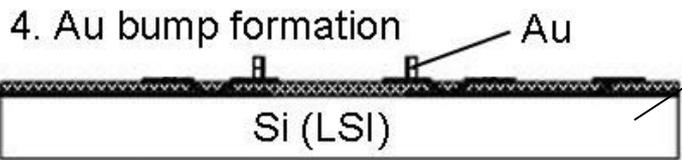
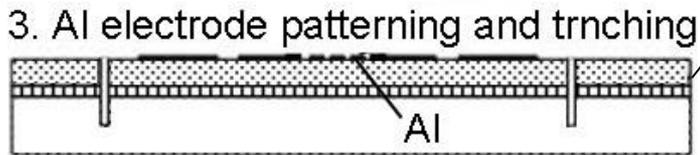
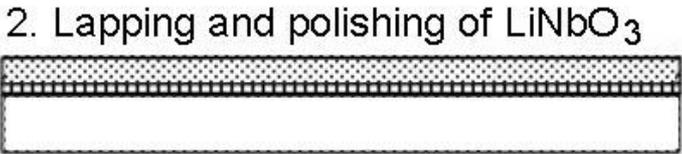
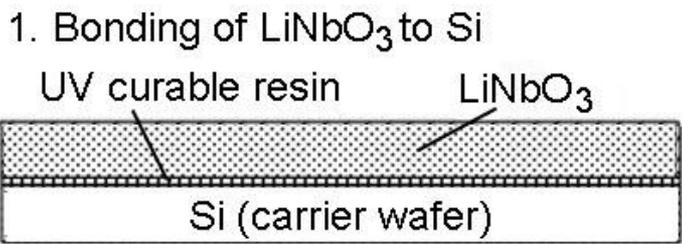


DC Pads

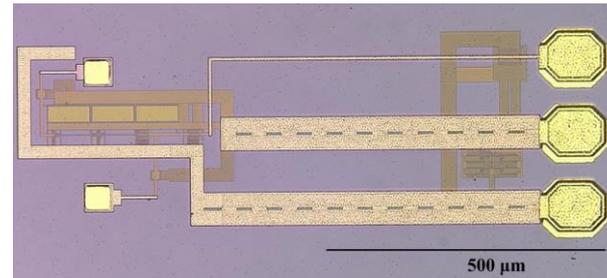


CMOS-FBAR voltage controlled oscillator

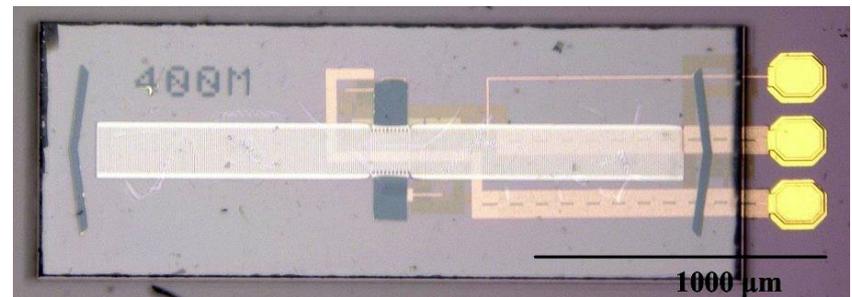
(A.Kochhar, et.al., "Monolithic fabrication of film bulk acoustic resonators above integrated circuit by adhesive-bonding₁ based film transfer, 2012 IEEE Ultrasonics Symposium, 5E-3)



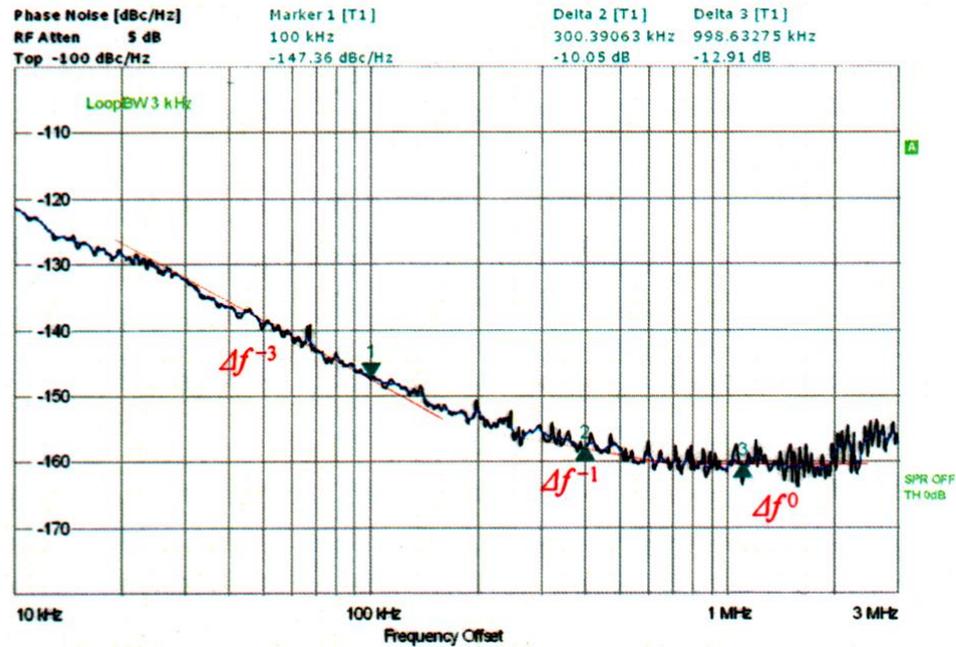
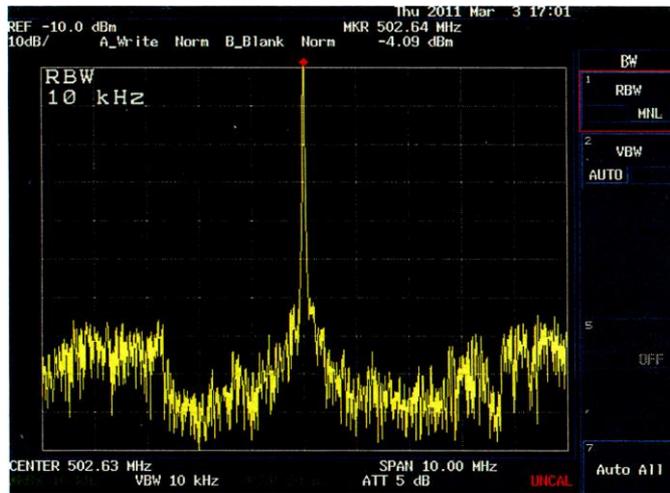
SAW device



LSI

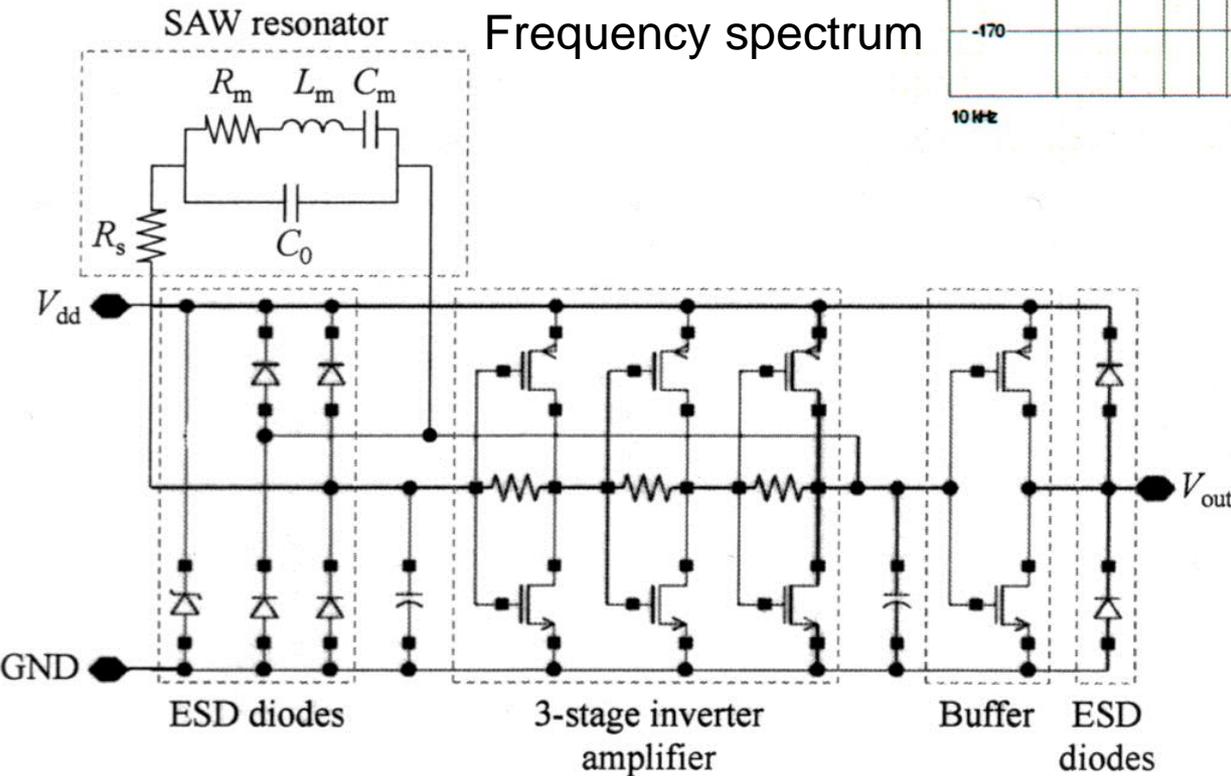


SAW devices on LSI

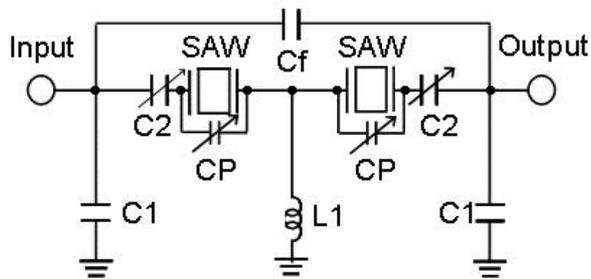
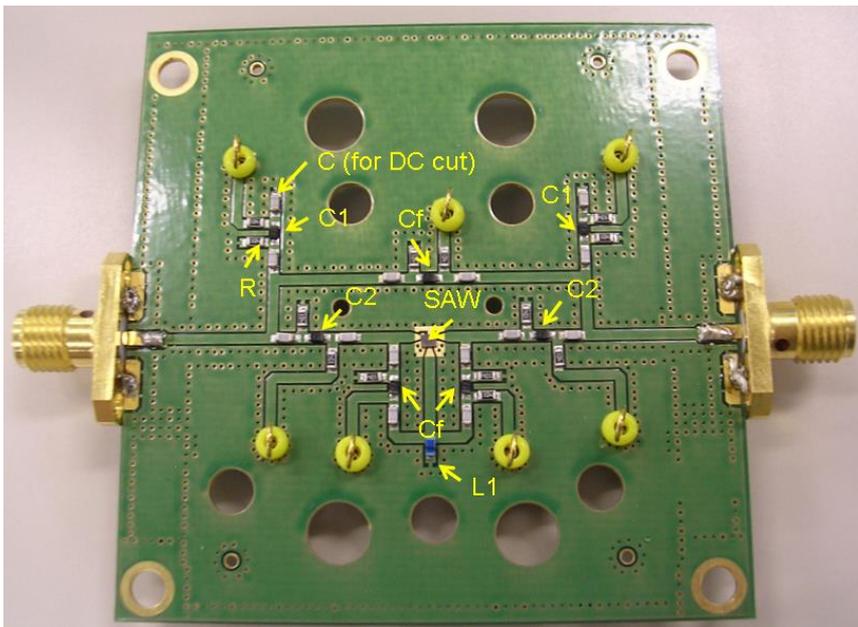


Frequency spectrum

Small phase noise owing to the small stray capacitance

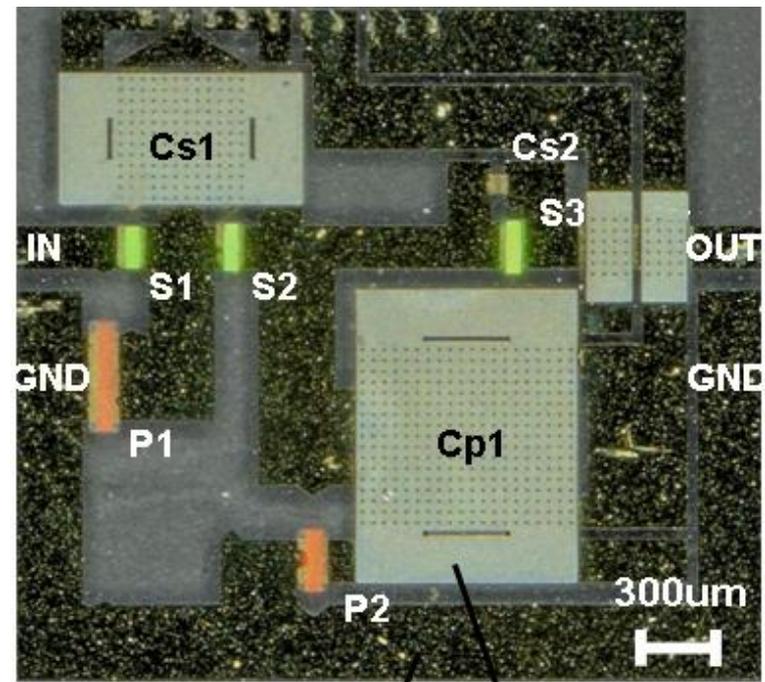


SAW oscillator on LSI (502 MHz)

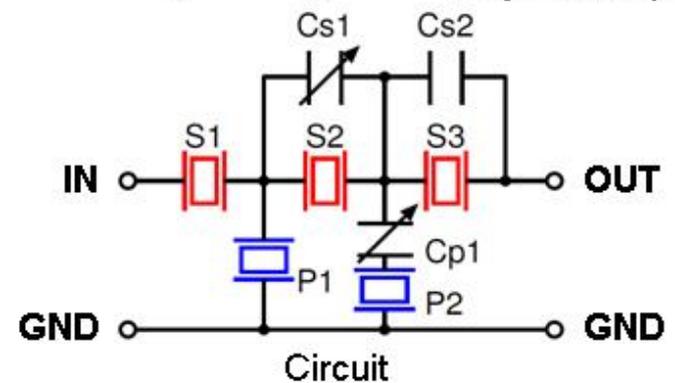


Tunable filter on breadboard using Si variable capacitors and SAW filters

(M. Kadota *et al.* (Murata Mfg.), Jpn. J. Appl. Phys., 49 (2010) 07HD26-1)



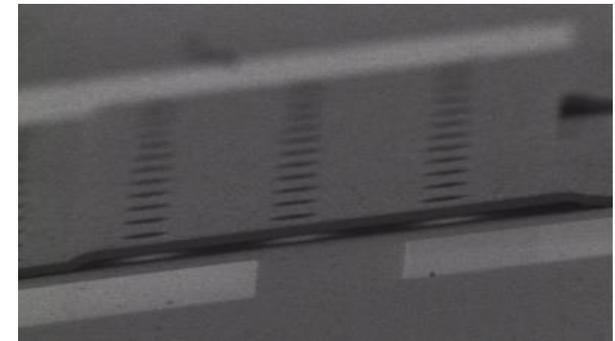
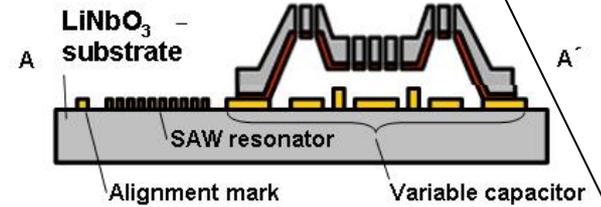
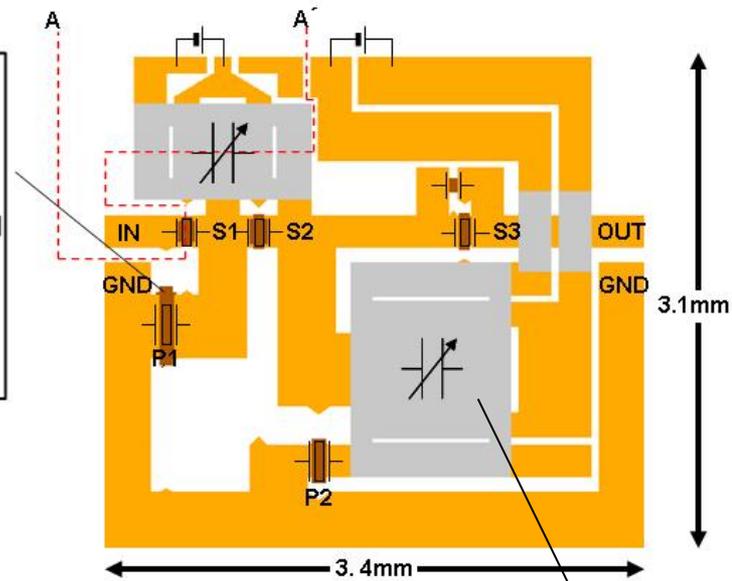
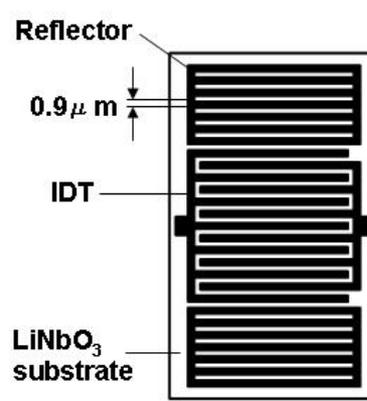
Substrate (LiNbO₃) Capacitor (Ni)



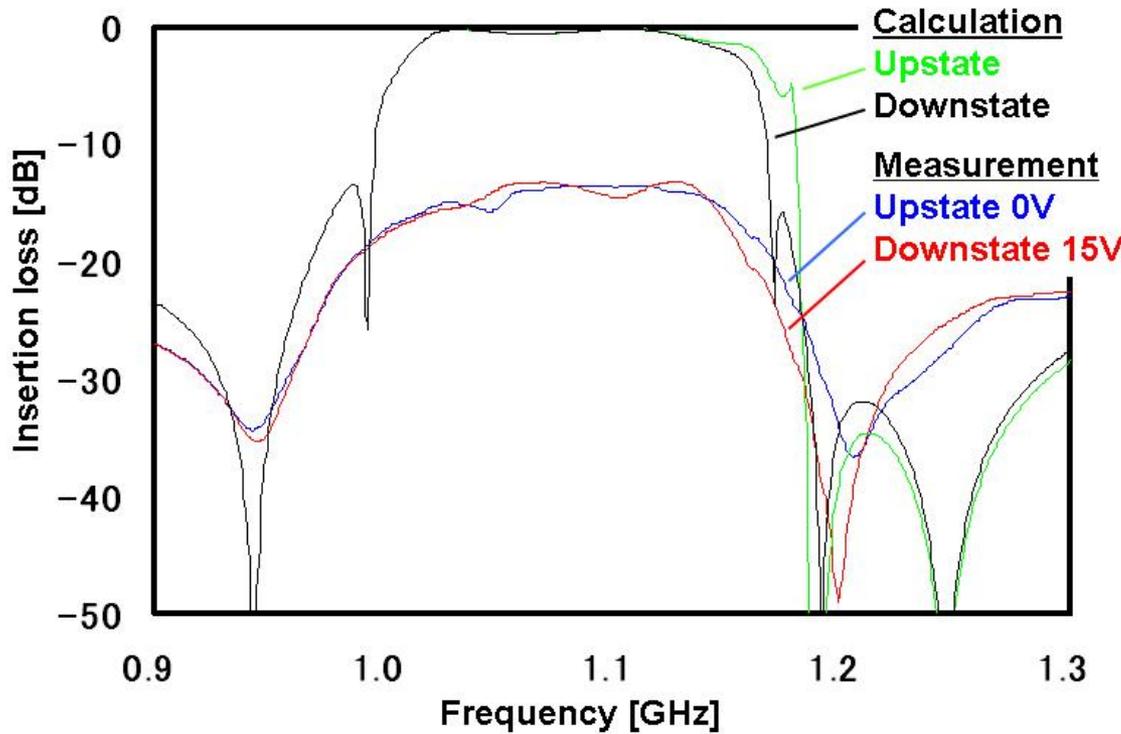
Monolithic tunable filter using MEMS variable capacitors and SAW filters

(T.Yasue, T.Komatsu *et al.*, Transducers 2011)

SAW device



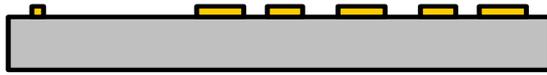
MEMS variable capacitor



Tunable SAW filter using MEMS variable capacitor

(T.Yasue, Transducers 2011, Beijing (2011) 1488)

1) Patterning of Au/Cr electrodes



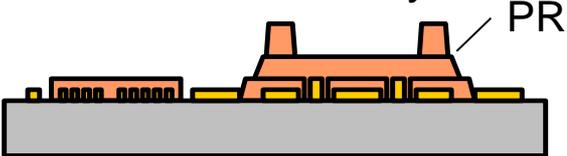
2) Fabrication of SAW resonators



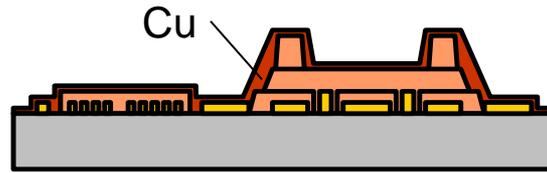
3) Fabrication of stop bumps



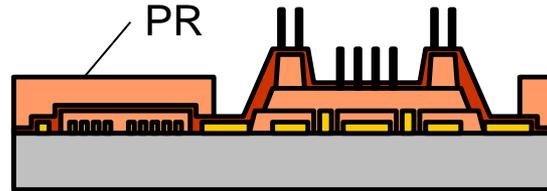
4) Patterning of PR sacrificial multilayer



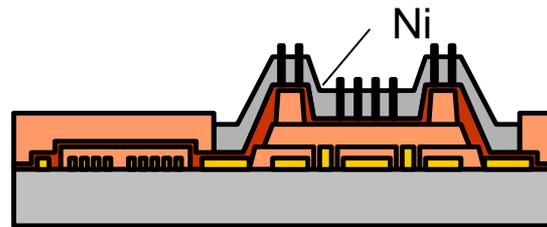
5) Cu seed deposition



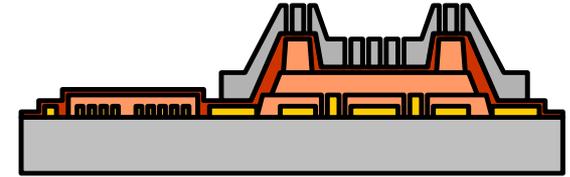
6) Patterning of PR mold



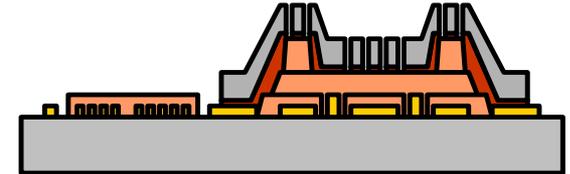
7) Ni electroplating



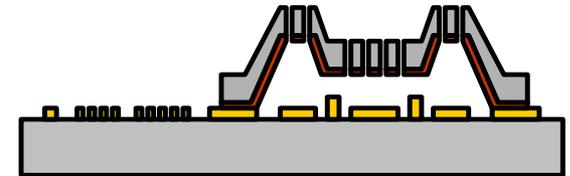
8) Photoresist removal



9) Cu wet etching



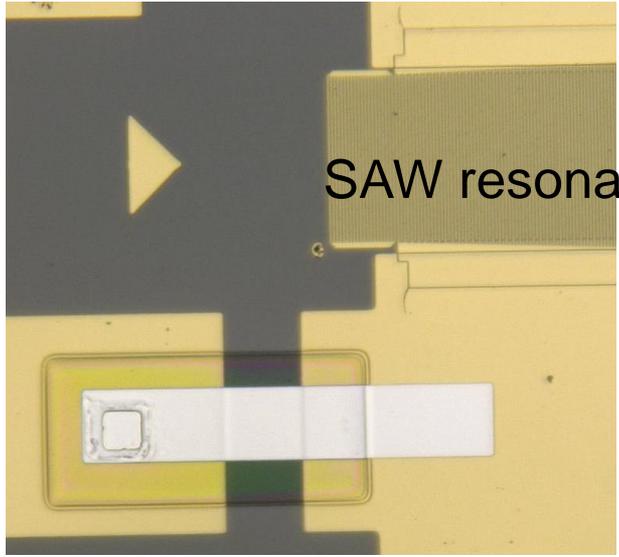
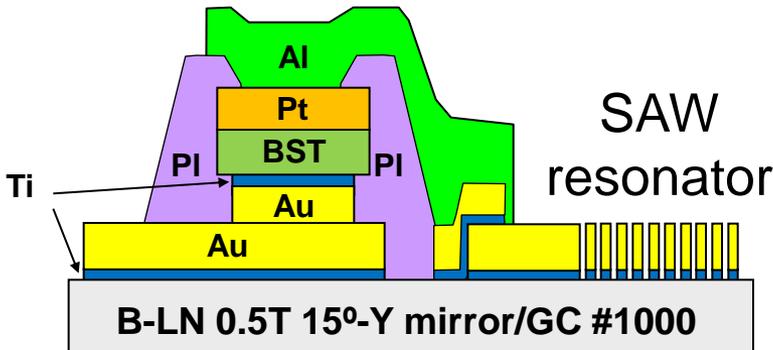
10) O₂ ashing for release



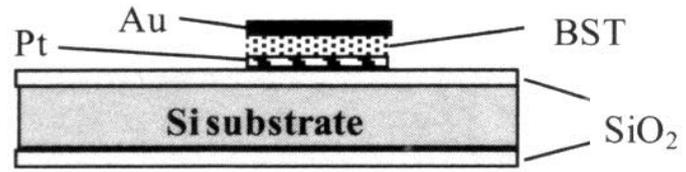
Fabrication process of tunable SAW filter using MEMS variable capacitor

(T.Yasue, Transducers 2011, Beijing (2011) 1488)

BST ($(Ba_{1-x}Sr_x)TiO_3$) varactor



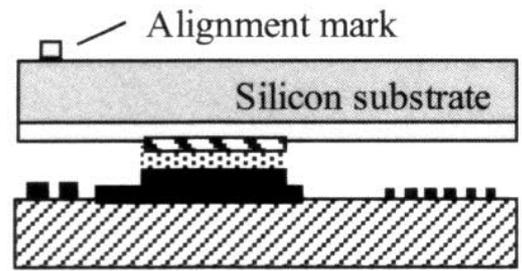
Transferred BST varactor
(Tuning ratio of 1.6 at 3 V)



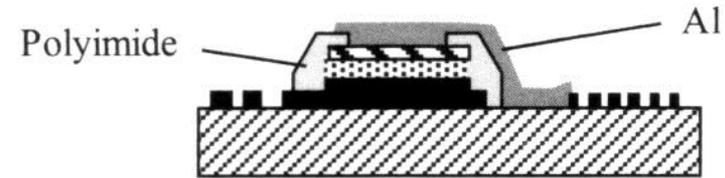
1) Deposition and patterning of Pt, BST and Au on Si.



2) Fabrication of IDT and bonding pads.



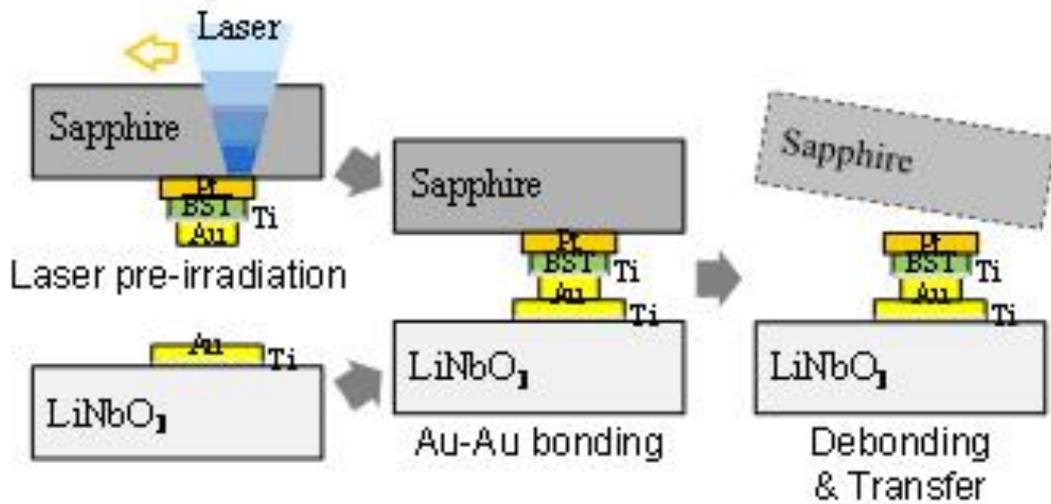
3) Au -Au bonding.



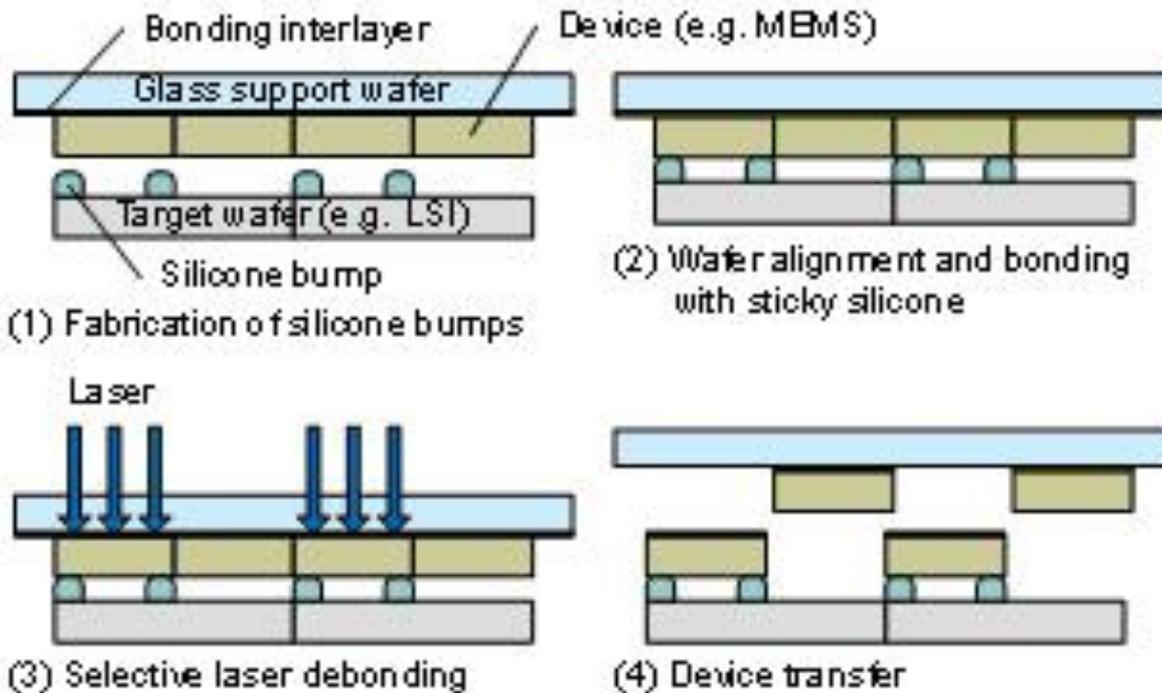
4) Etching of Si sub. and wiring the IDT and VCs.

Small size ferroelectric variable capacitor for tunable SAW filter

(H.Hirano, 2011 IEEE Internl, Ultrasonic Symp., (2011))

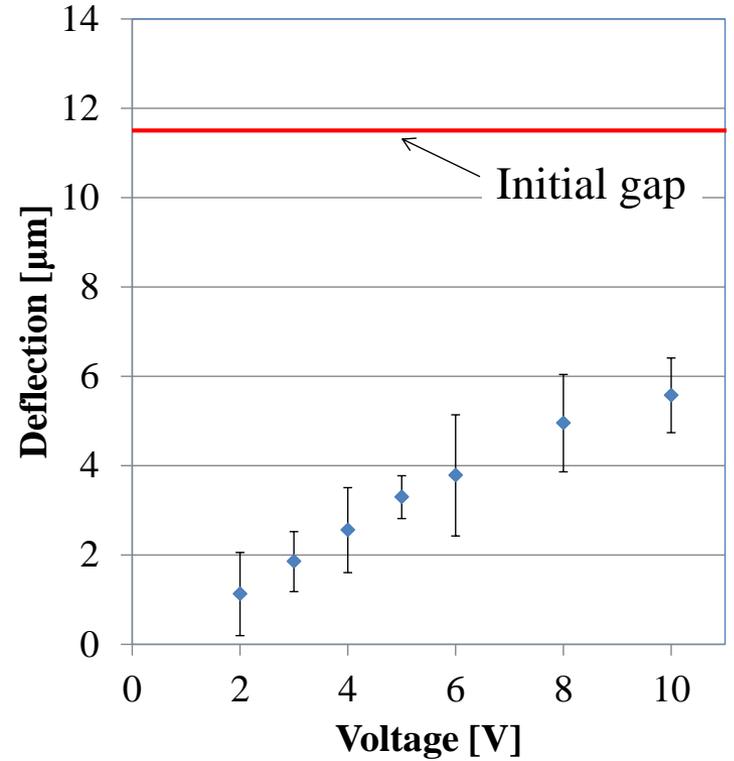
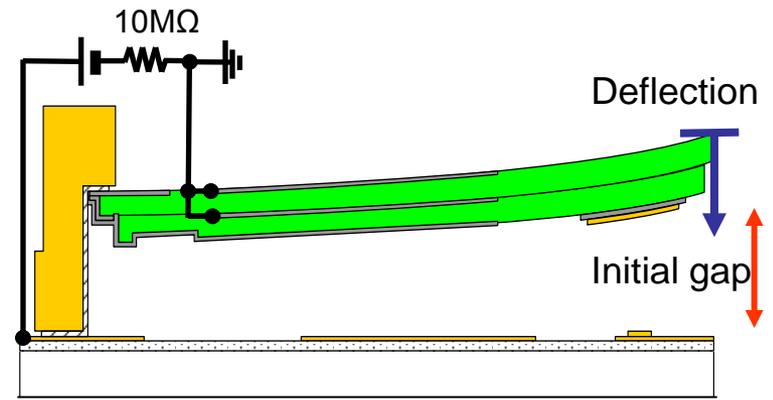
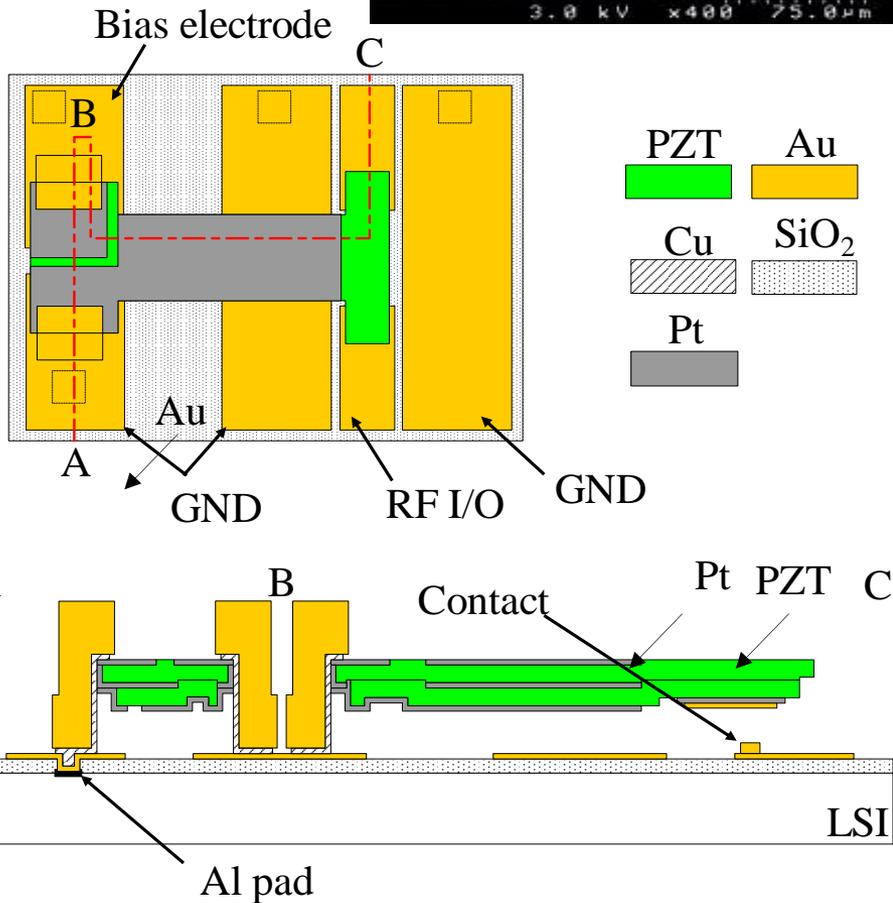
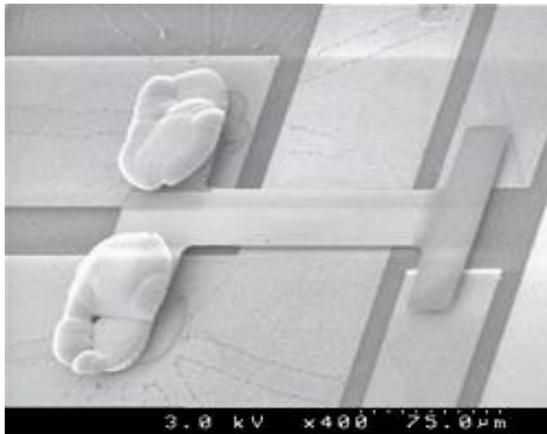


Laser debonding

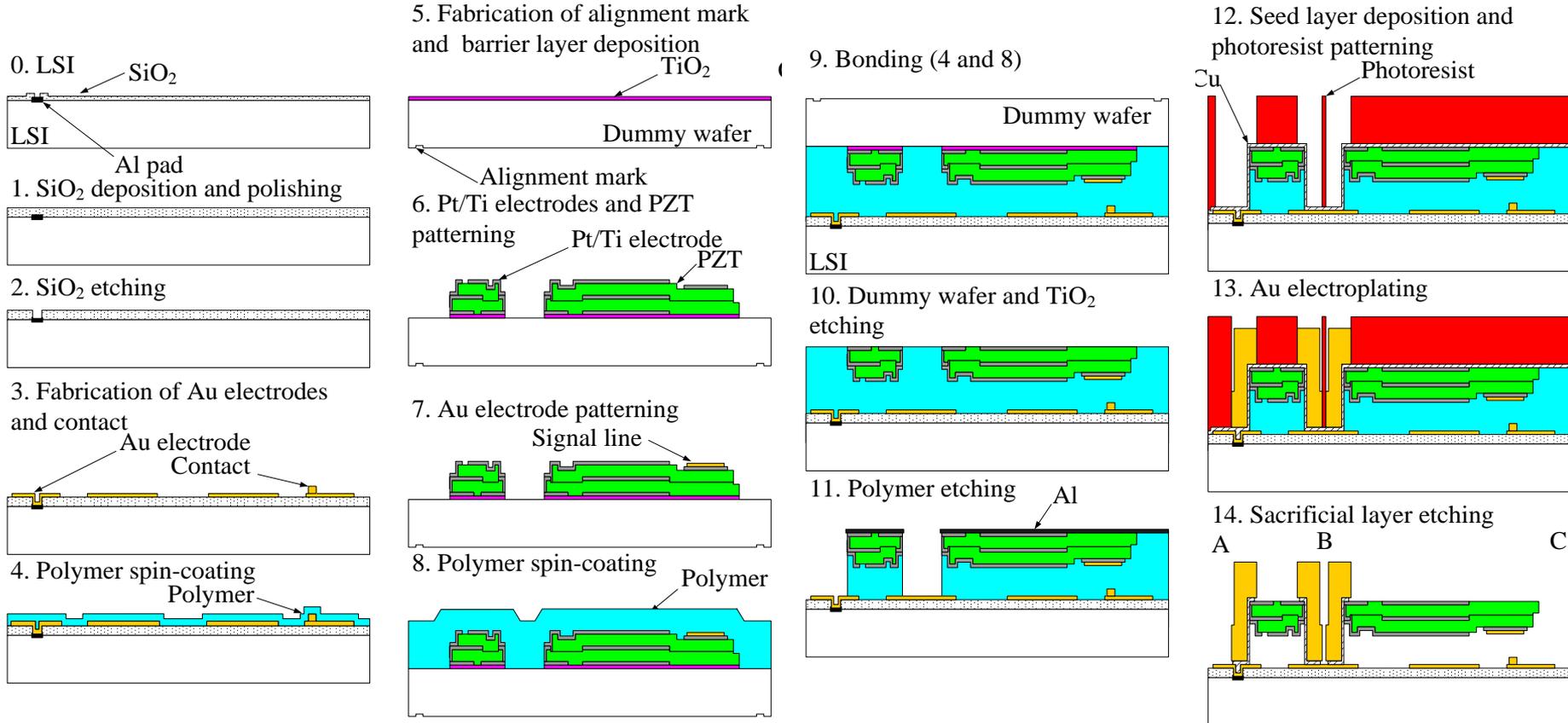
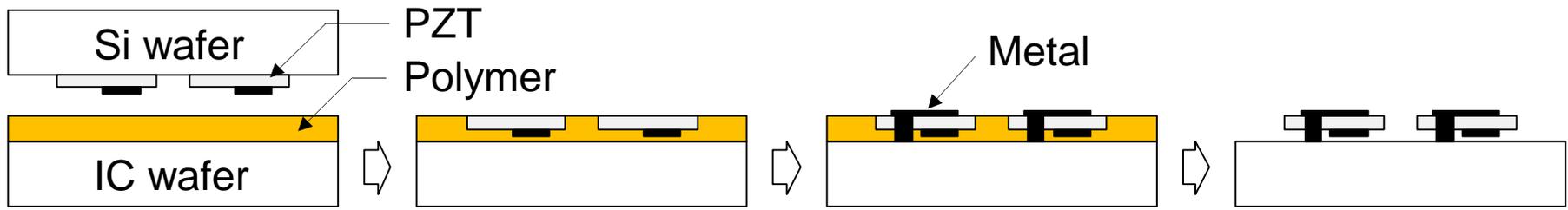


Selective transfer by laser debonding

(T.Samoto, The 29th Sensor Symposium on Sensors, Micromachines and Microsystems (2012) p.35)

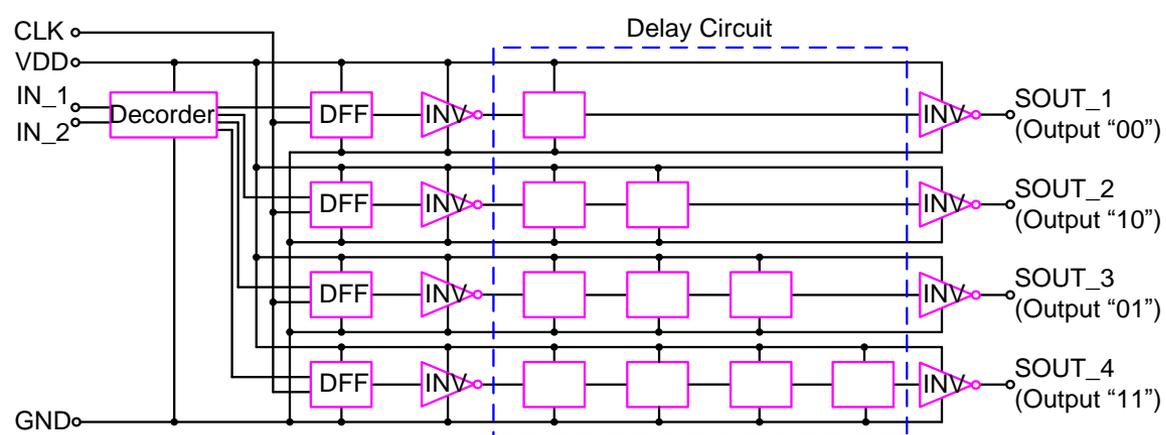


PZT MEMS Switch on LSI

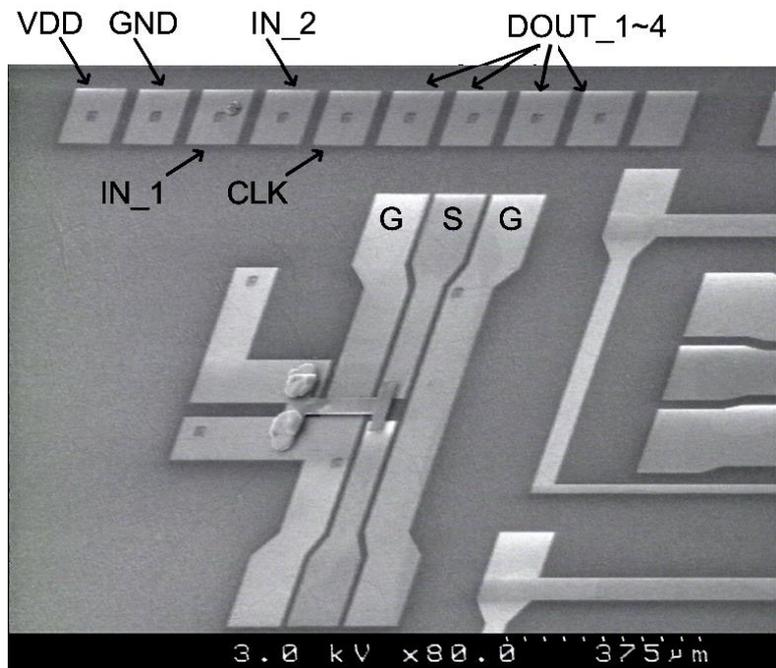
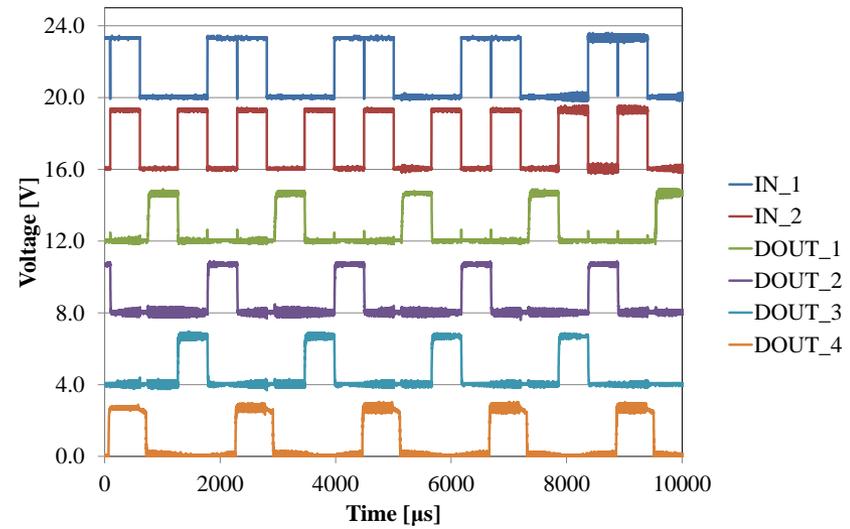
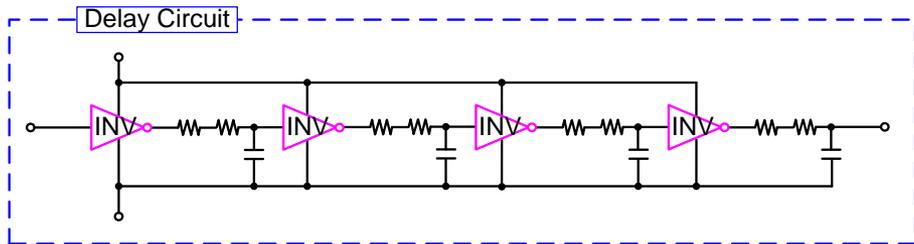


Fabrication process of PZT MEMS Switch on LSI

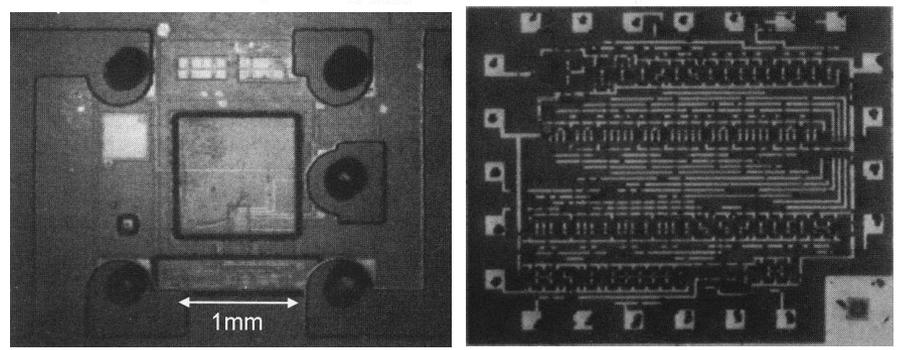
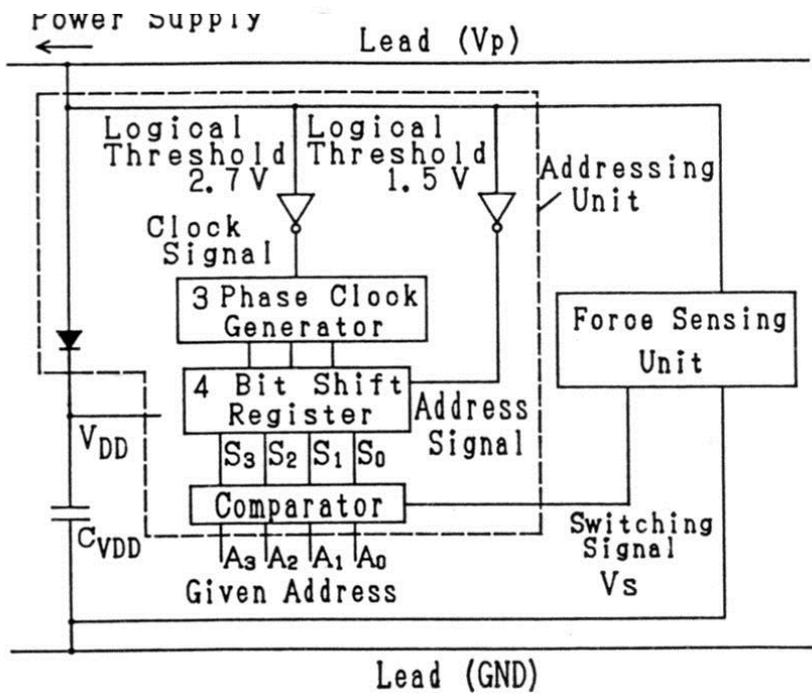
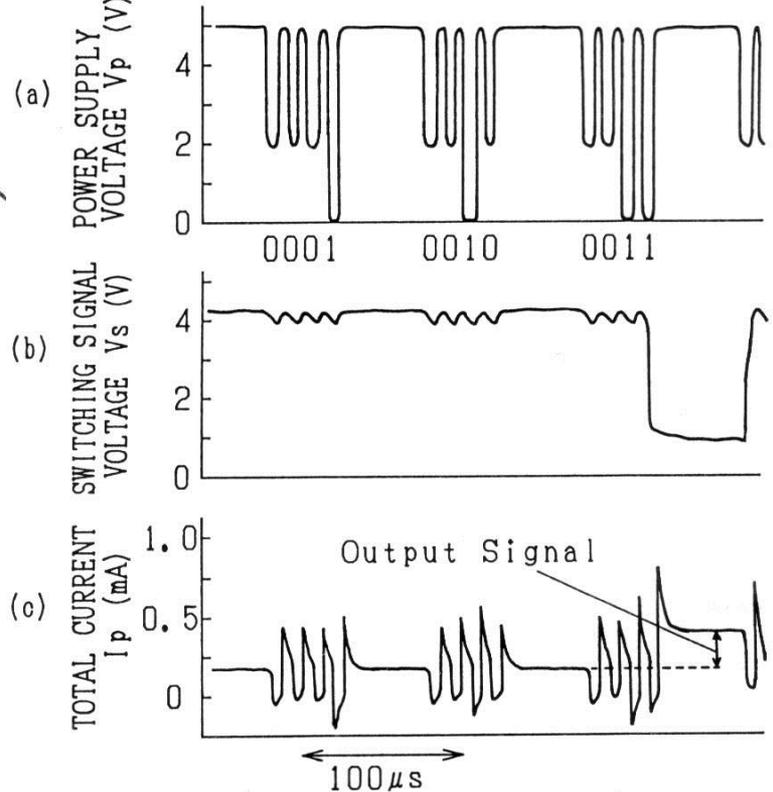
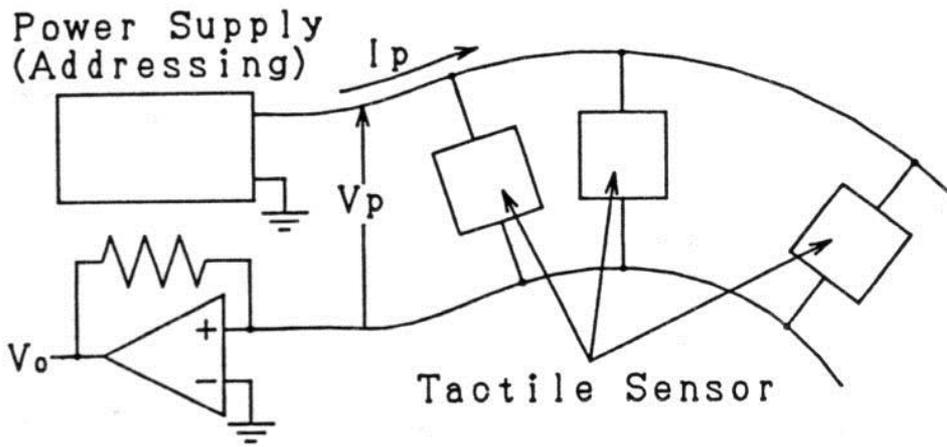
(Matsuo, Moriyama, Esashi, Tanaka, IEEE MEMS 2012, 1153-1156)



VDD : power supply, 3.3V
 CLK : clock signal, 3.3 V, 5 MHz
 IN_1, IN_2 : switching signal, 3.3 V
 DOUT_1~4 : D flip-flop's output

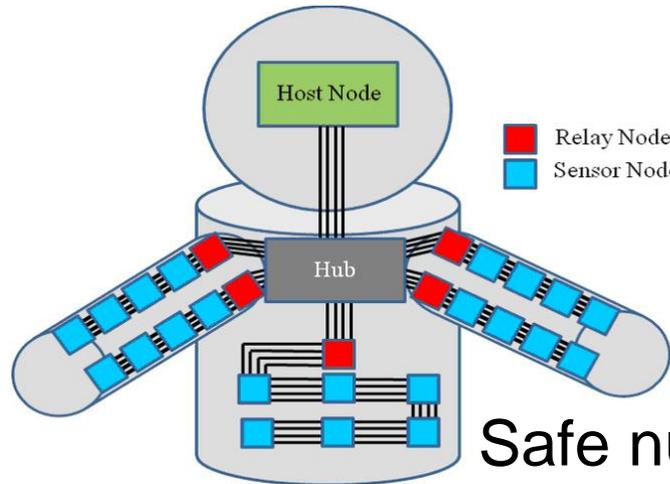
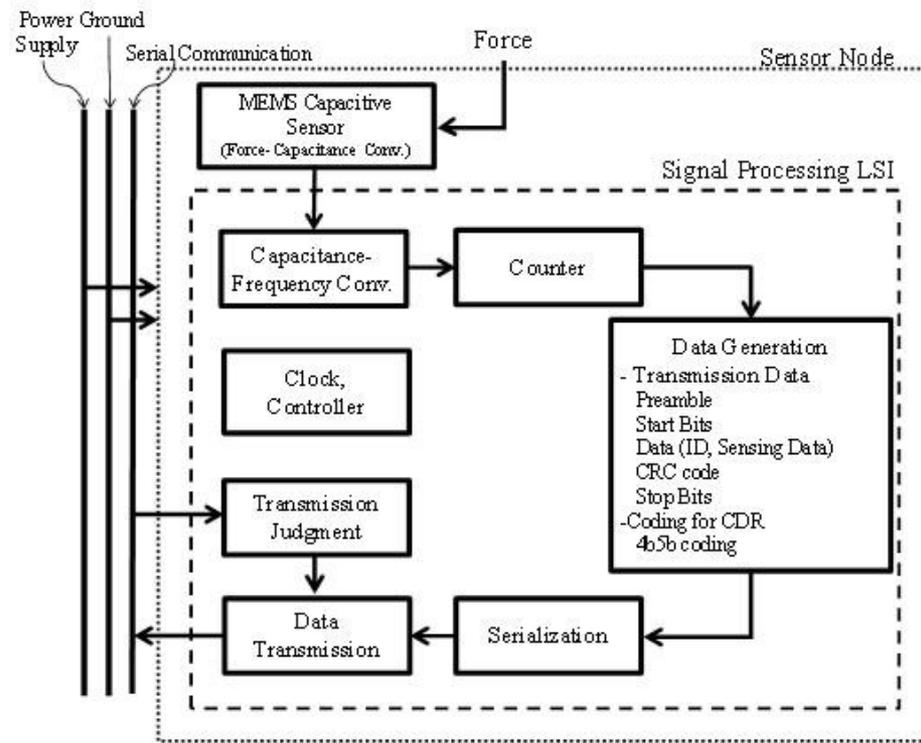
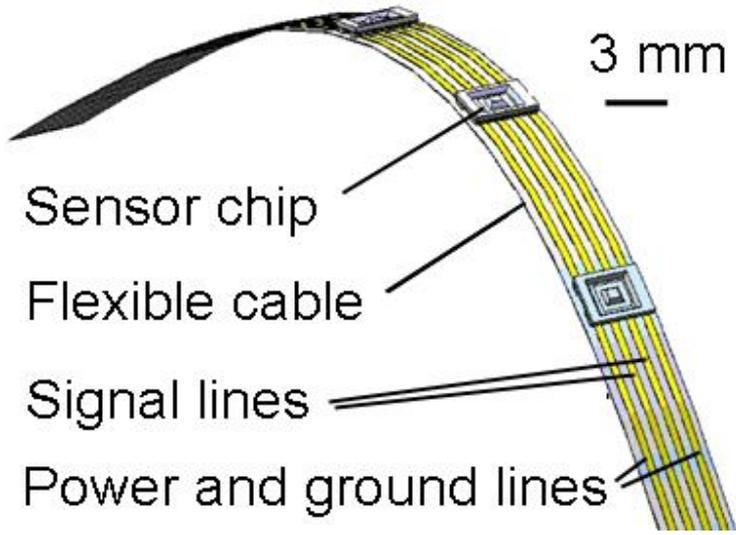


CMOS switch control circuit



(1,000 Tr./chip in our lab., 1,000,000 Tr./chip in company, 10,000,000,000 Tr/chp now)

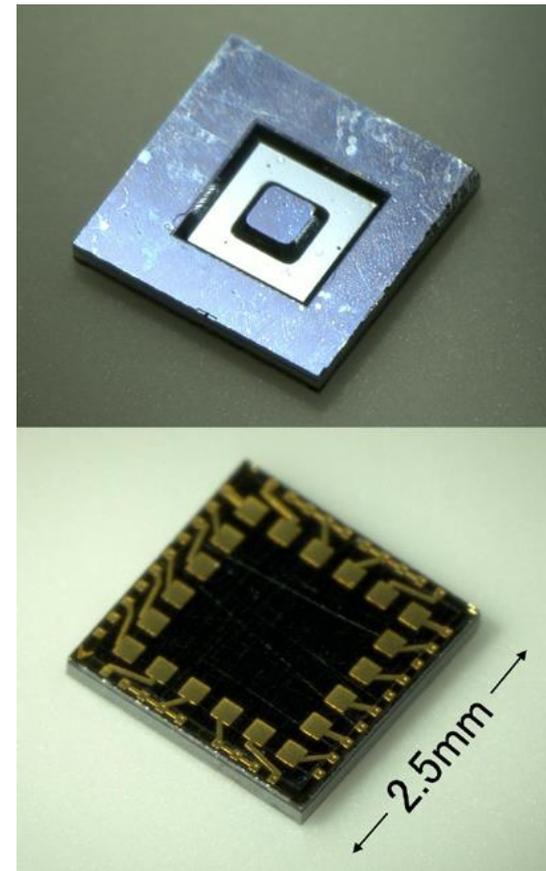
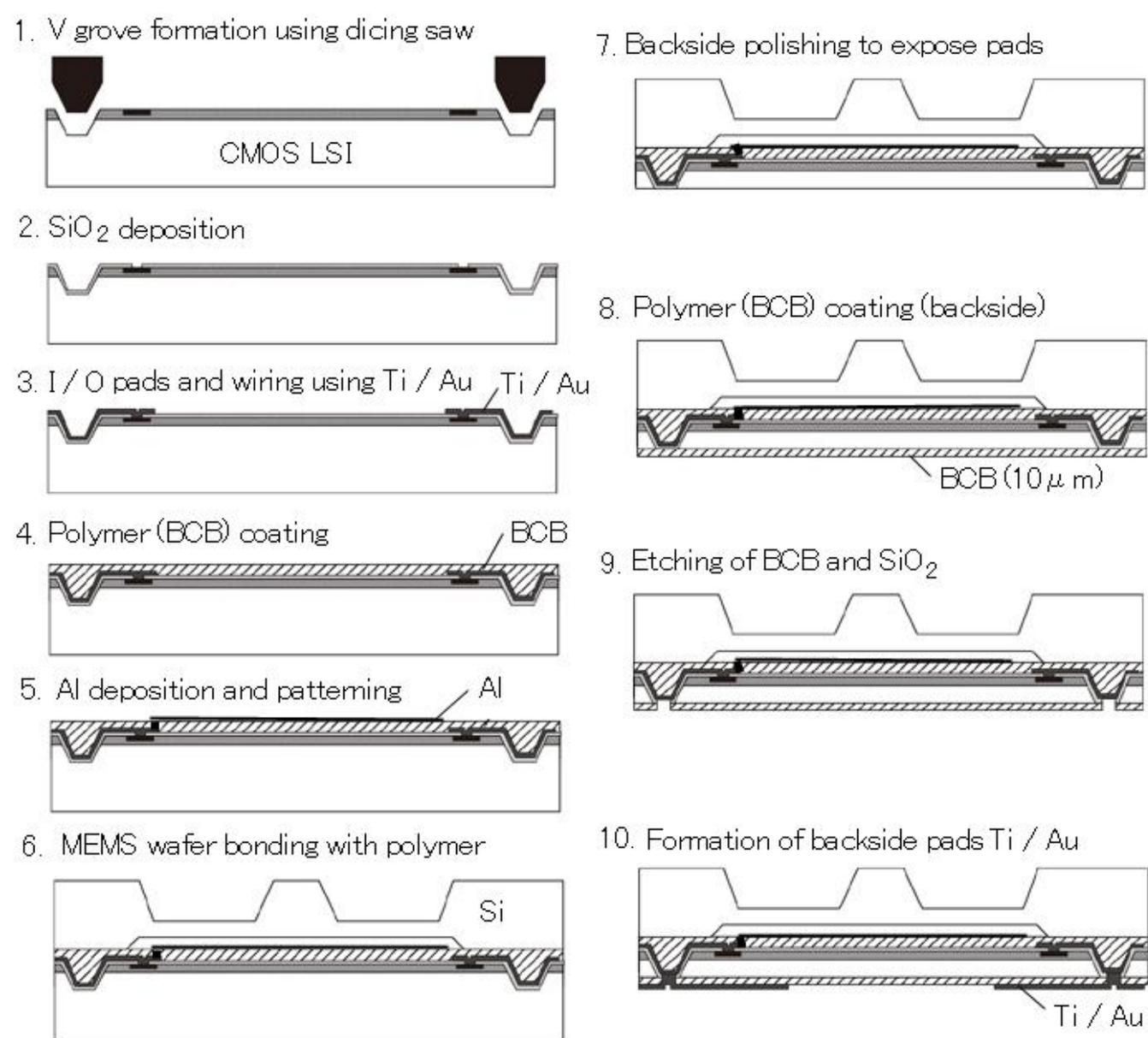
Common 2 wires tactile sensor array (polling type)



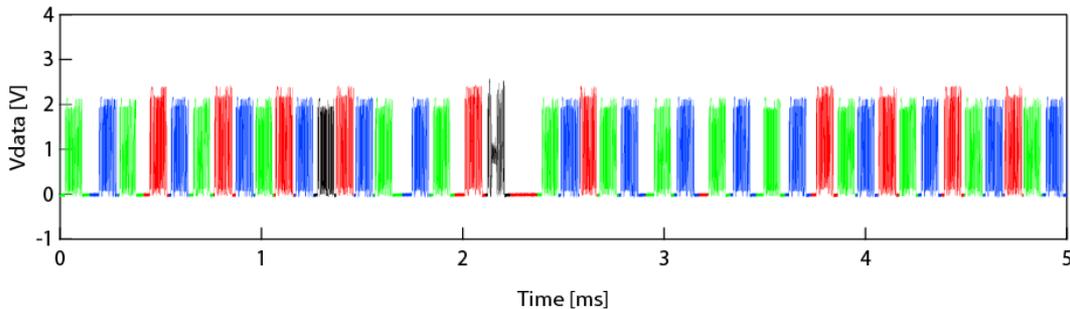
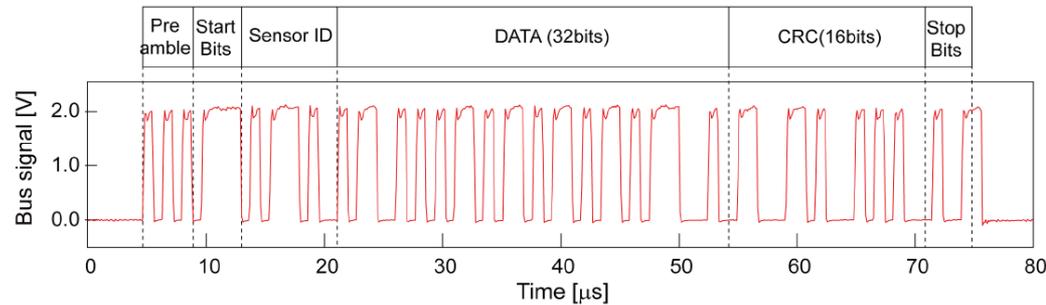
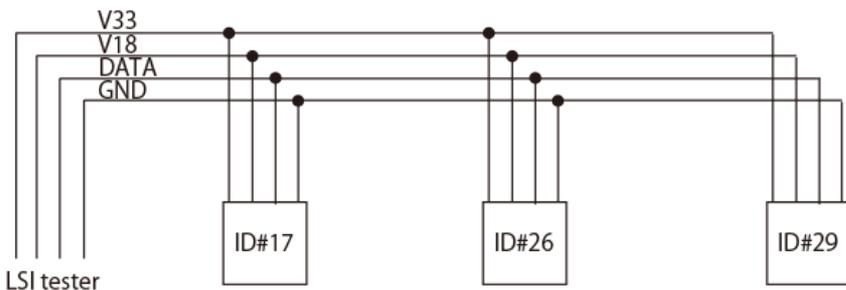
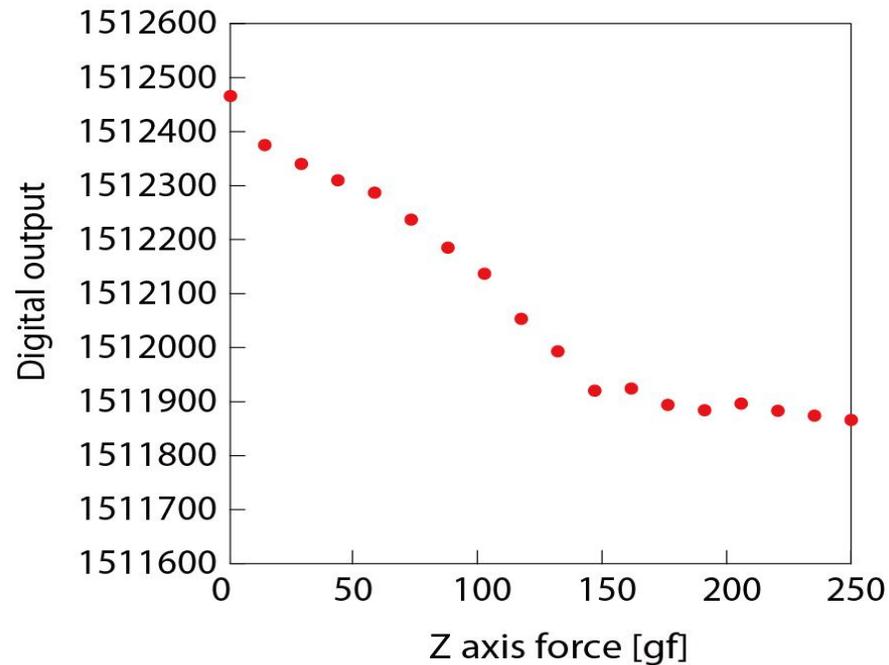
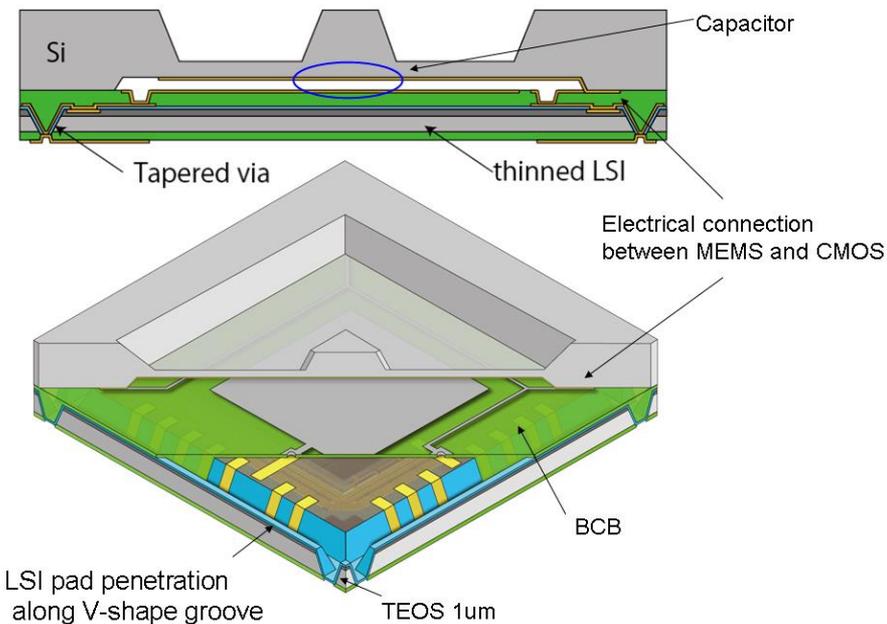
Safe nursing robot

Tactile sensor network for robot (event driven type) 23

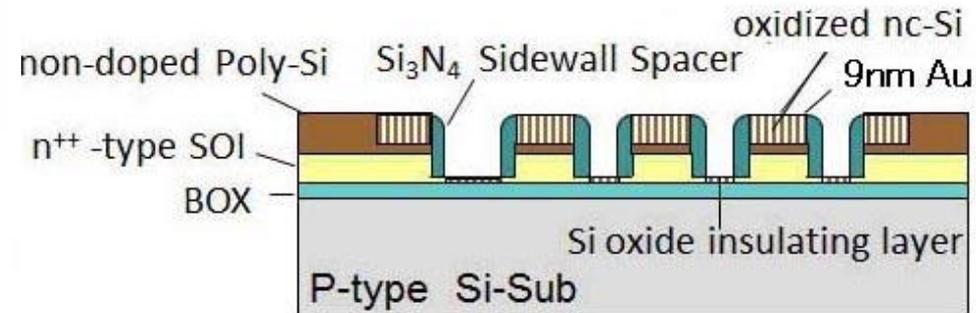
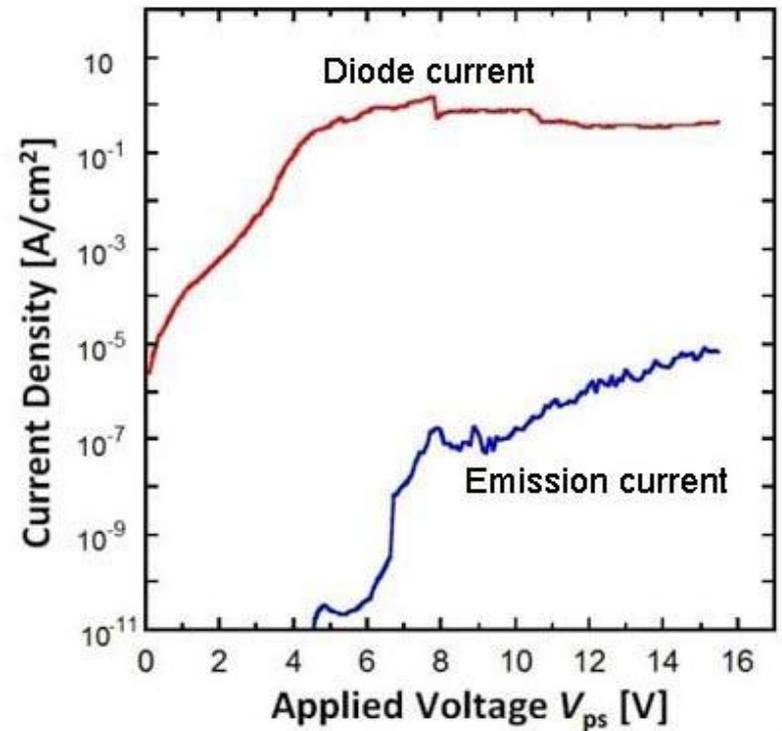
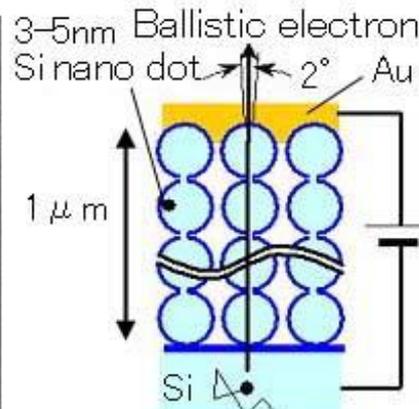
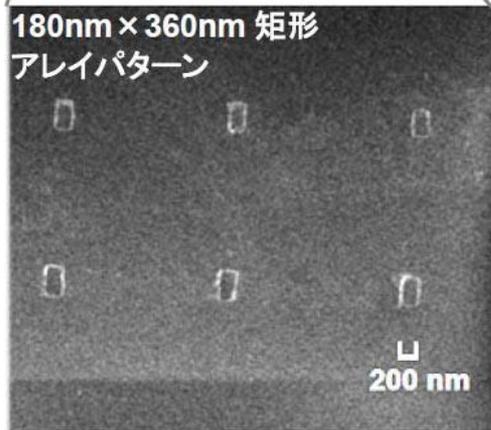
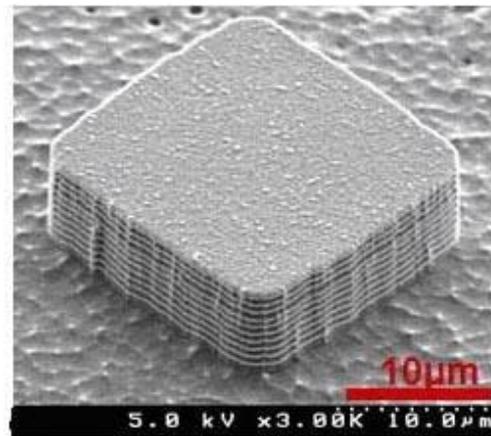
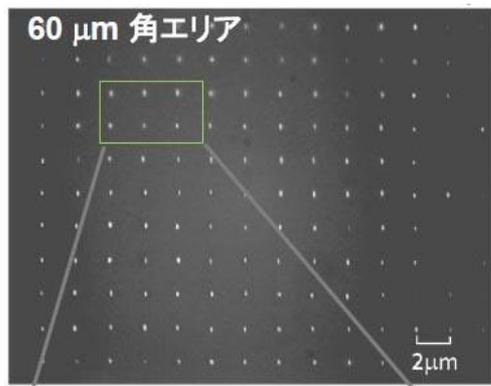
(M.Makihata, M.Muroyama, 26th Sensor Symposium (Oct. 15-16, 2009))



Fabrication process of tactile sensor

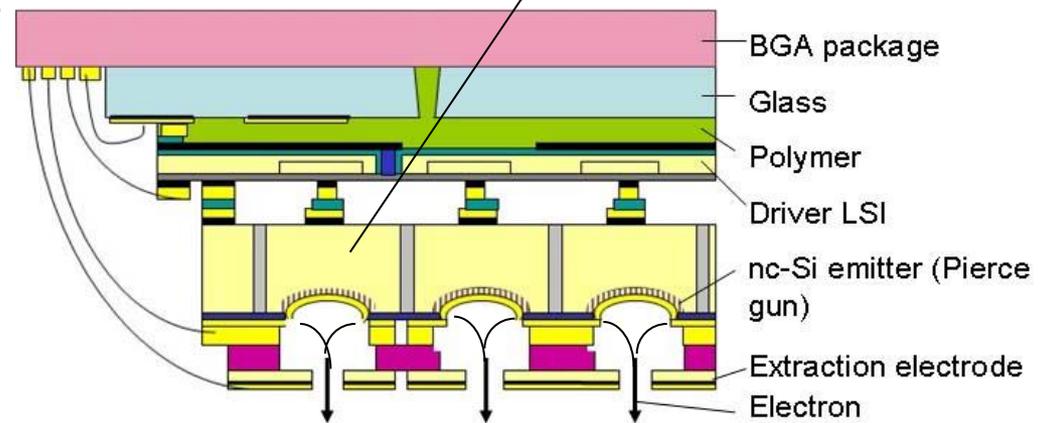
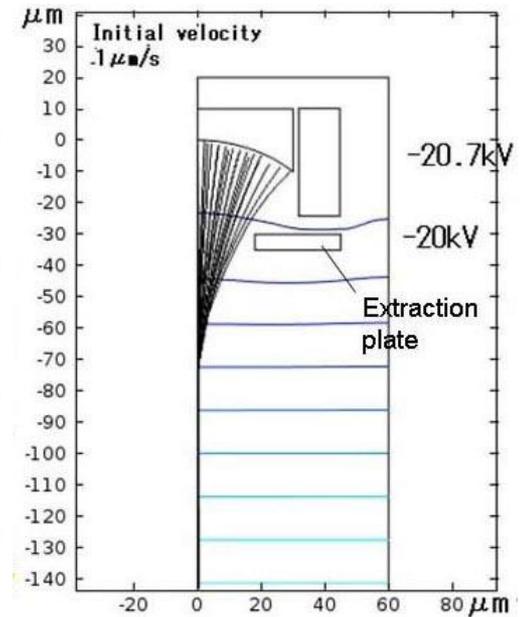
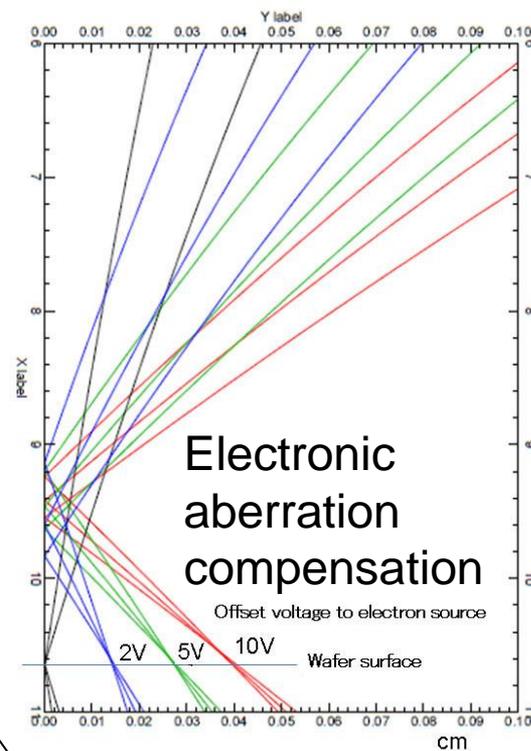
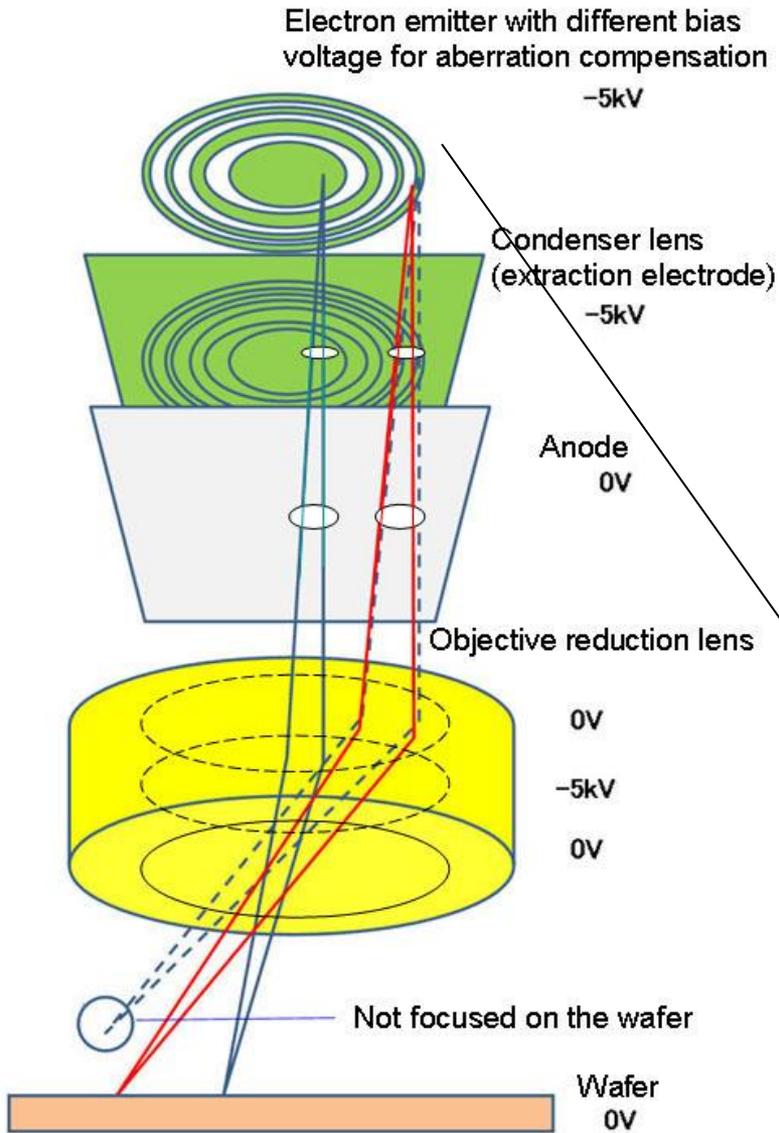


Tactile sensor network



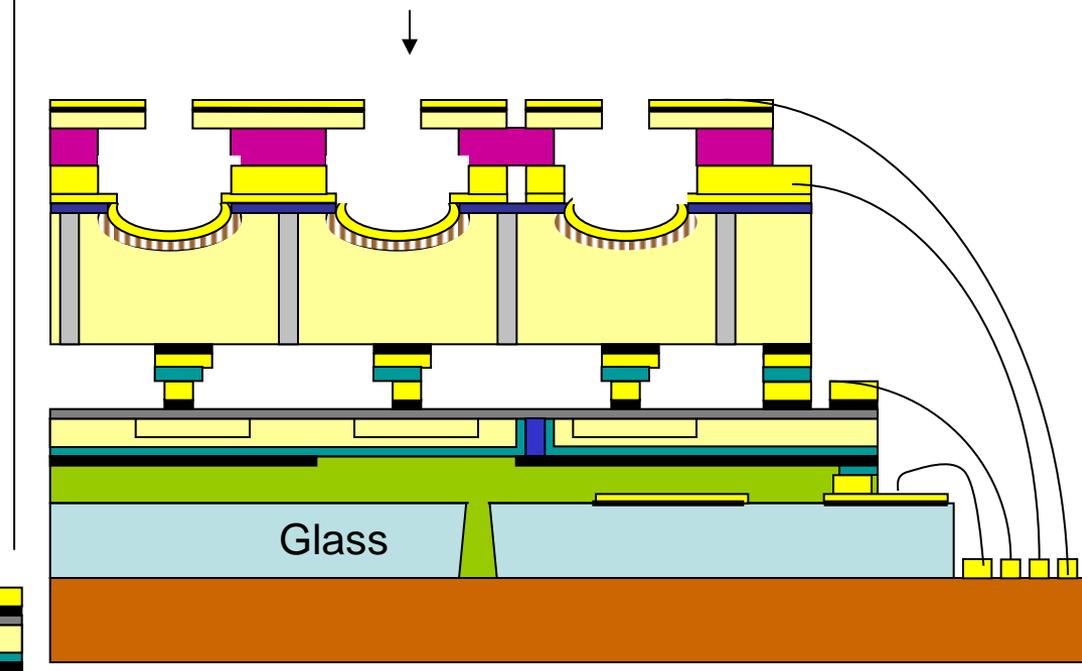
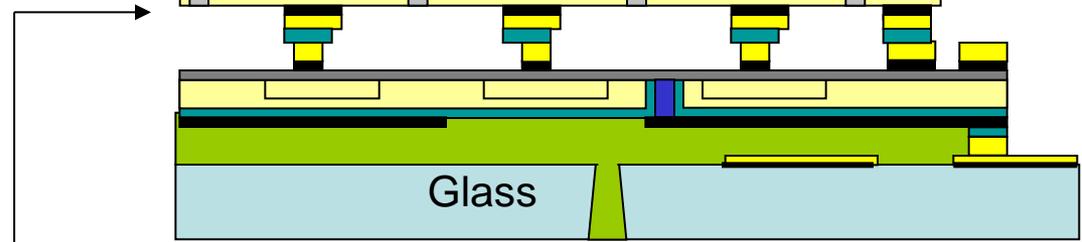
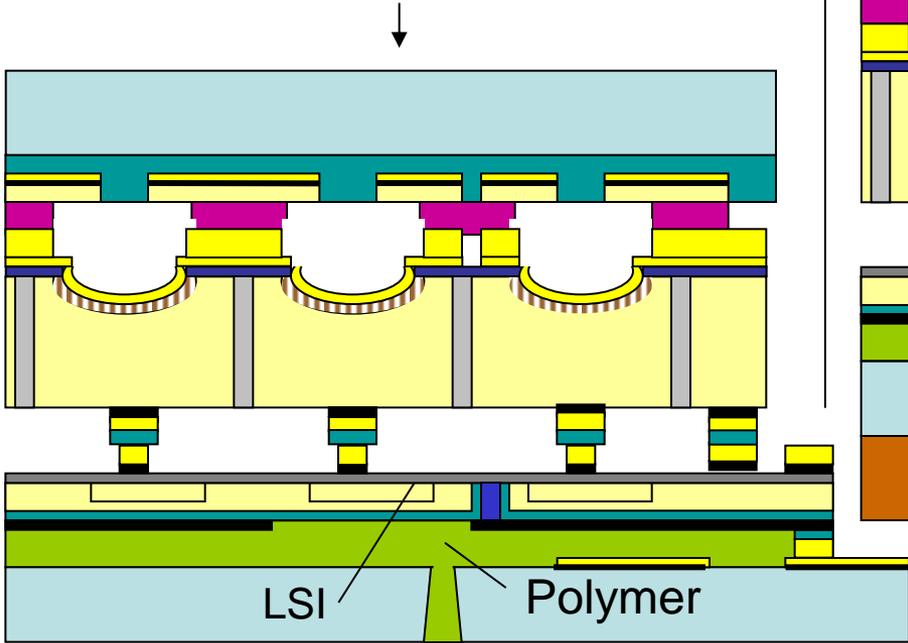
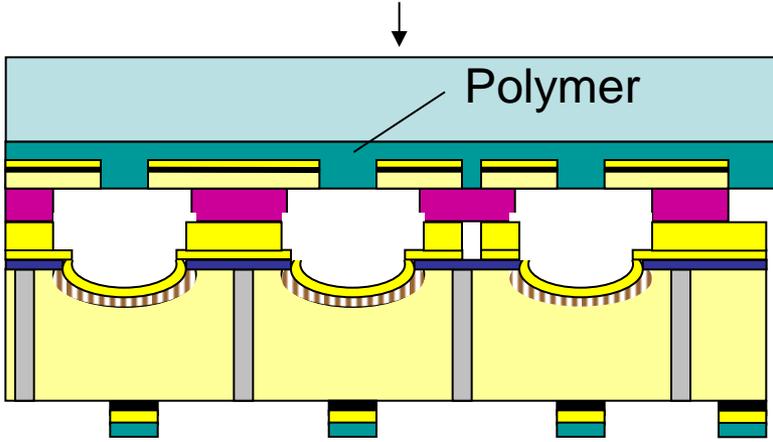
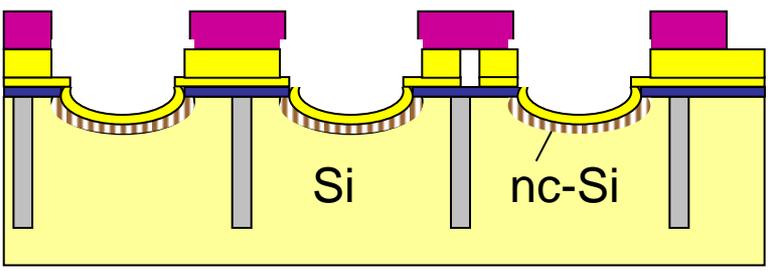
resist pattern by 1:1
EB exposure

nc (nanocrystalline)-Si emitter array fabricated on SOI substrate



Structure of 100 × 100 active matrix nc-Si emitter

Massively Parallel EB (Electron-Beam) Exposure System 27



Electron source process

1. Introduction

2. Integrated MEMS by adhesive wafer bonding

Principle and filters

Piezoelectric switches

Tactile sensor network

Massive parallel EB exposure system

3. Wafer level packaging

4. Open collaboration

5. Conclusions

MEMS have moving parts

→ Direct molding with plastics can not be done.

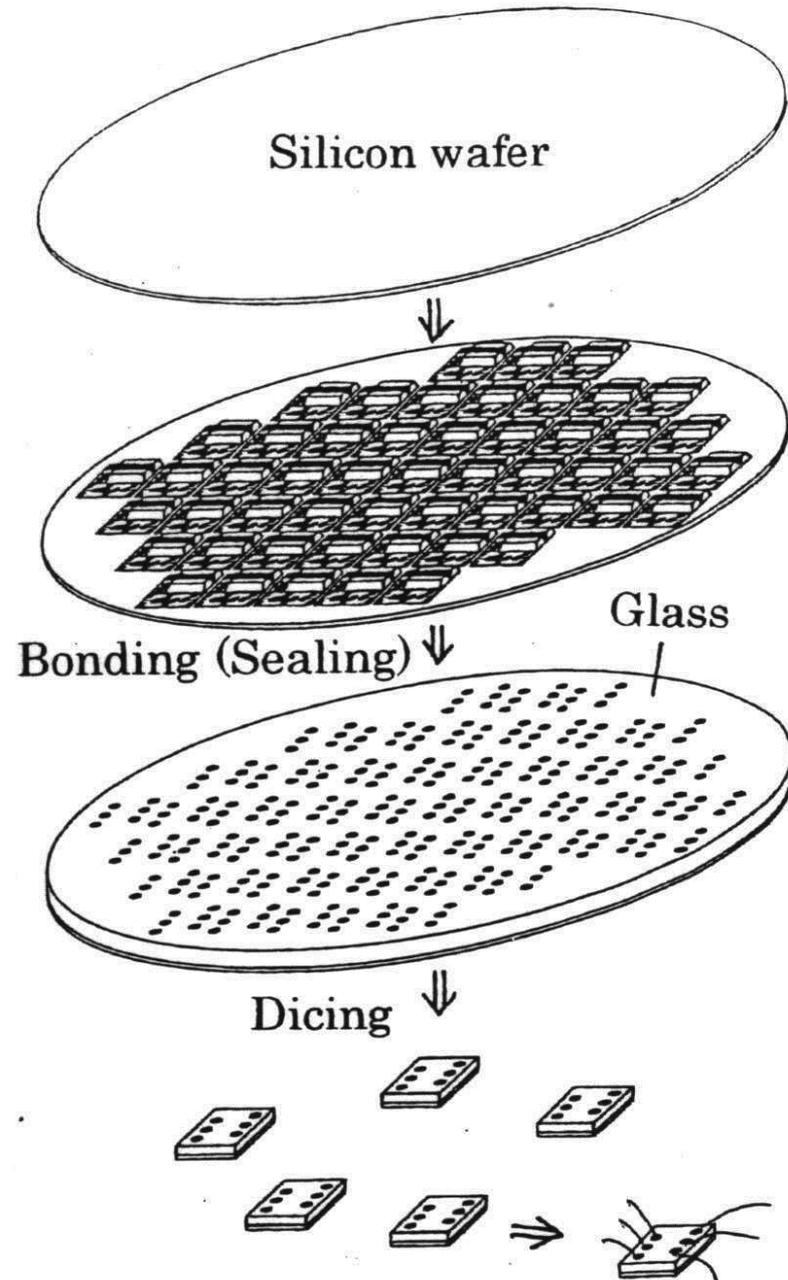
→ **small size** (chip size encapsulation, suitable for surface mounting)

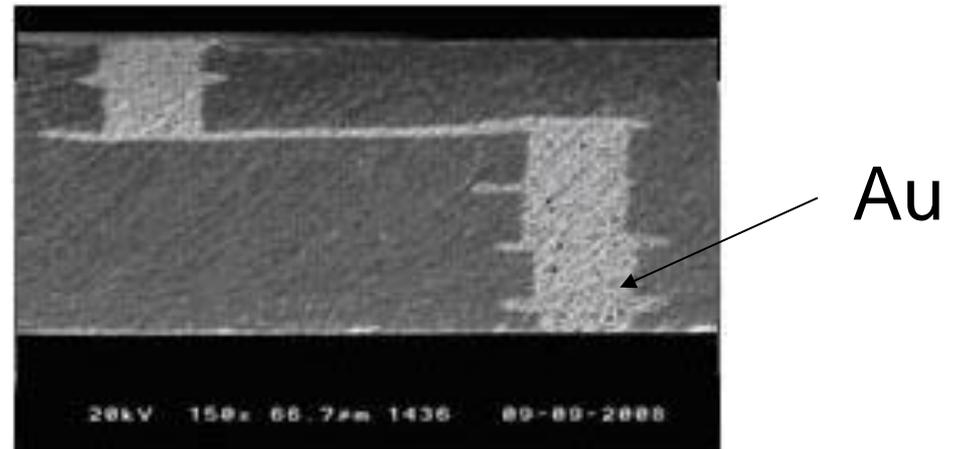
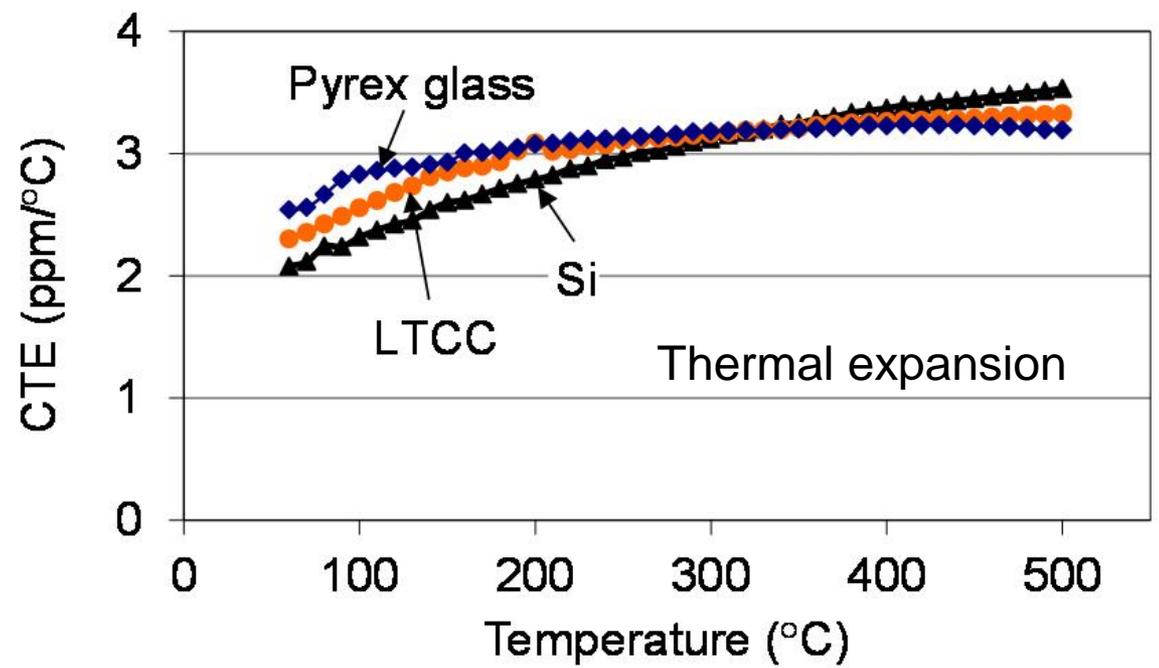
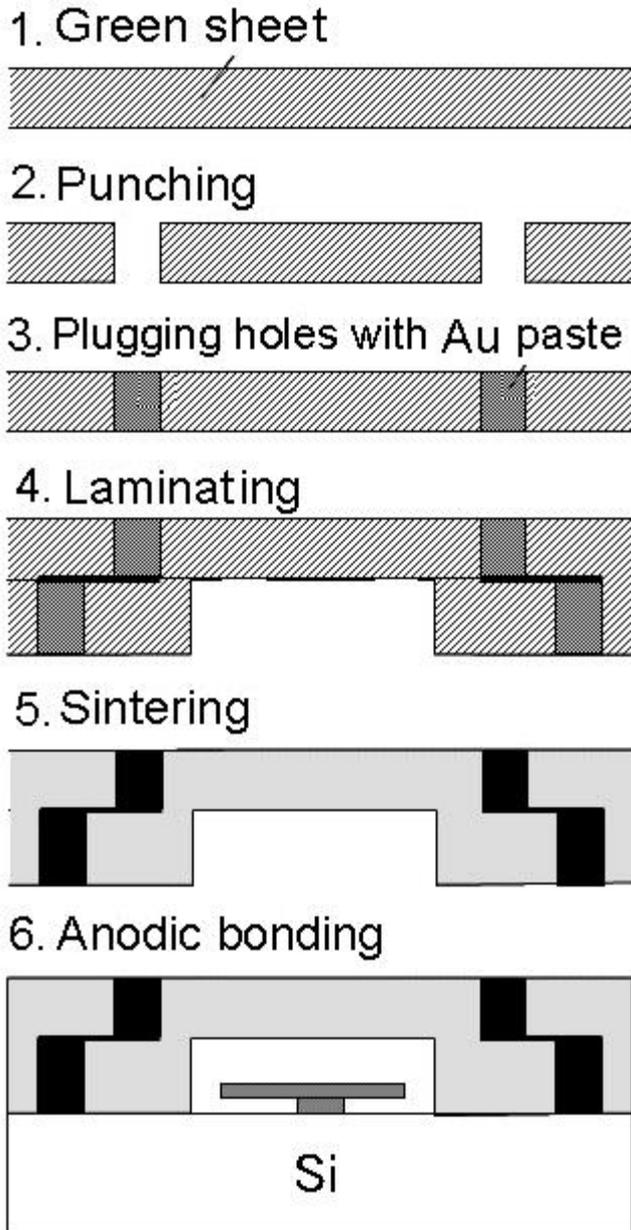
→ **high yield** (protection of MEMS structures during dicing)

→ **high reliability** (hermetic sealing)

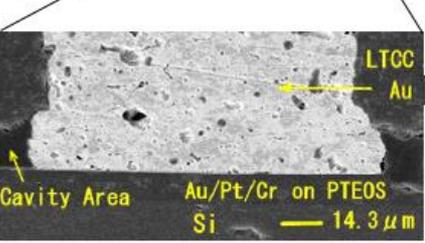
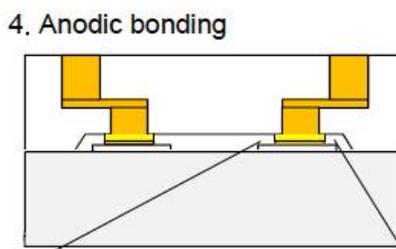
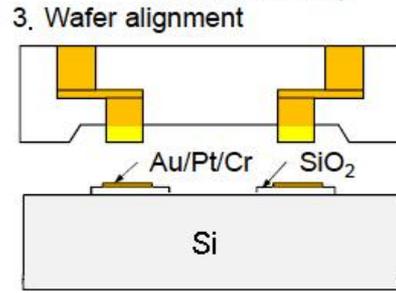
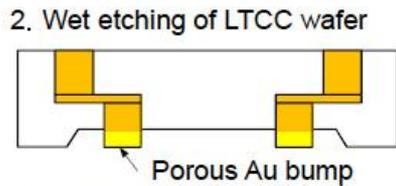
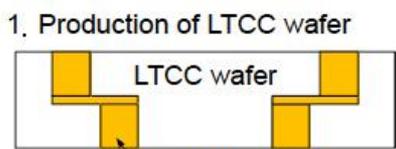
→ **low cost** (minimal investment for assembly, no use of expensive ceramic packages etc)

Wafer level packaging

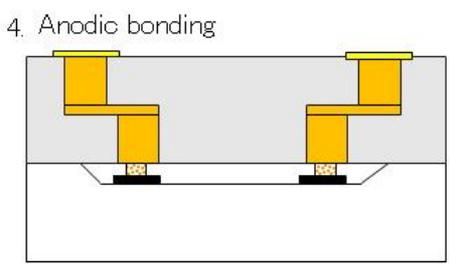
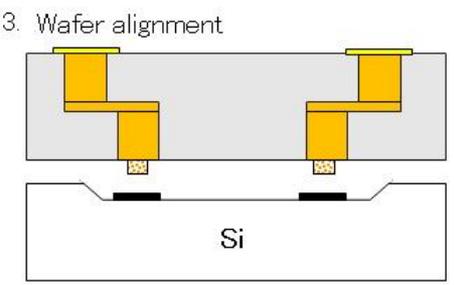
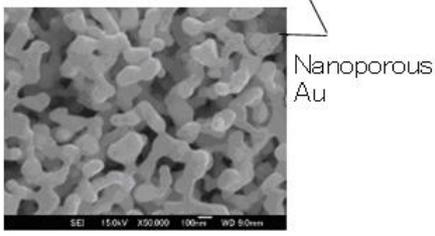
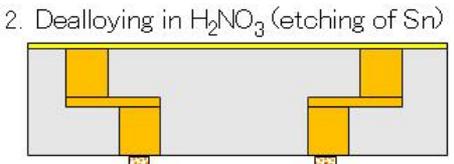
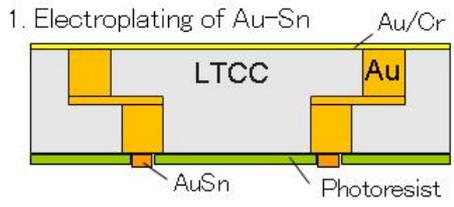




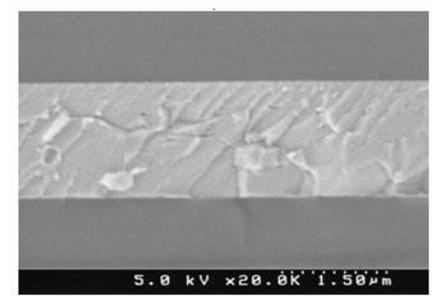
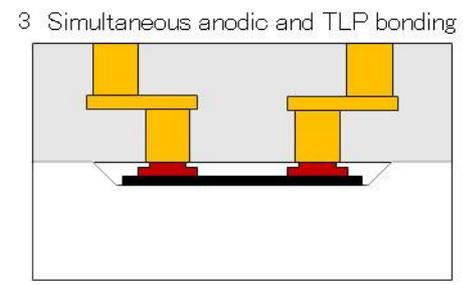
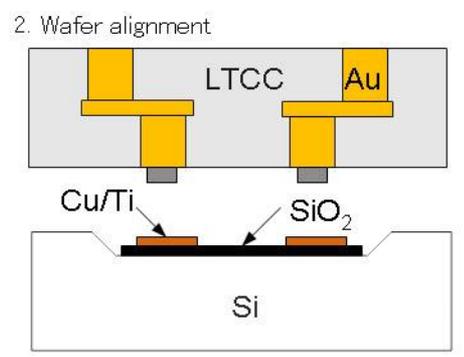
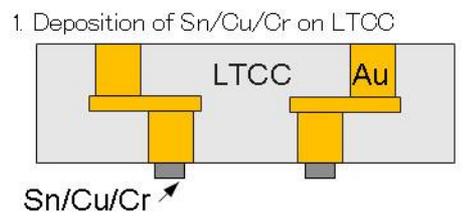
LTCC with through-via interconnection



(a) Porous Au bump by etching of LTCC

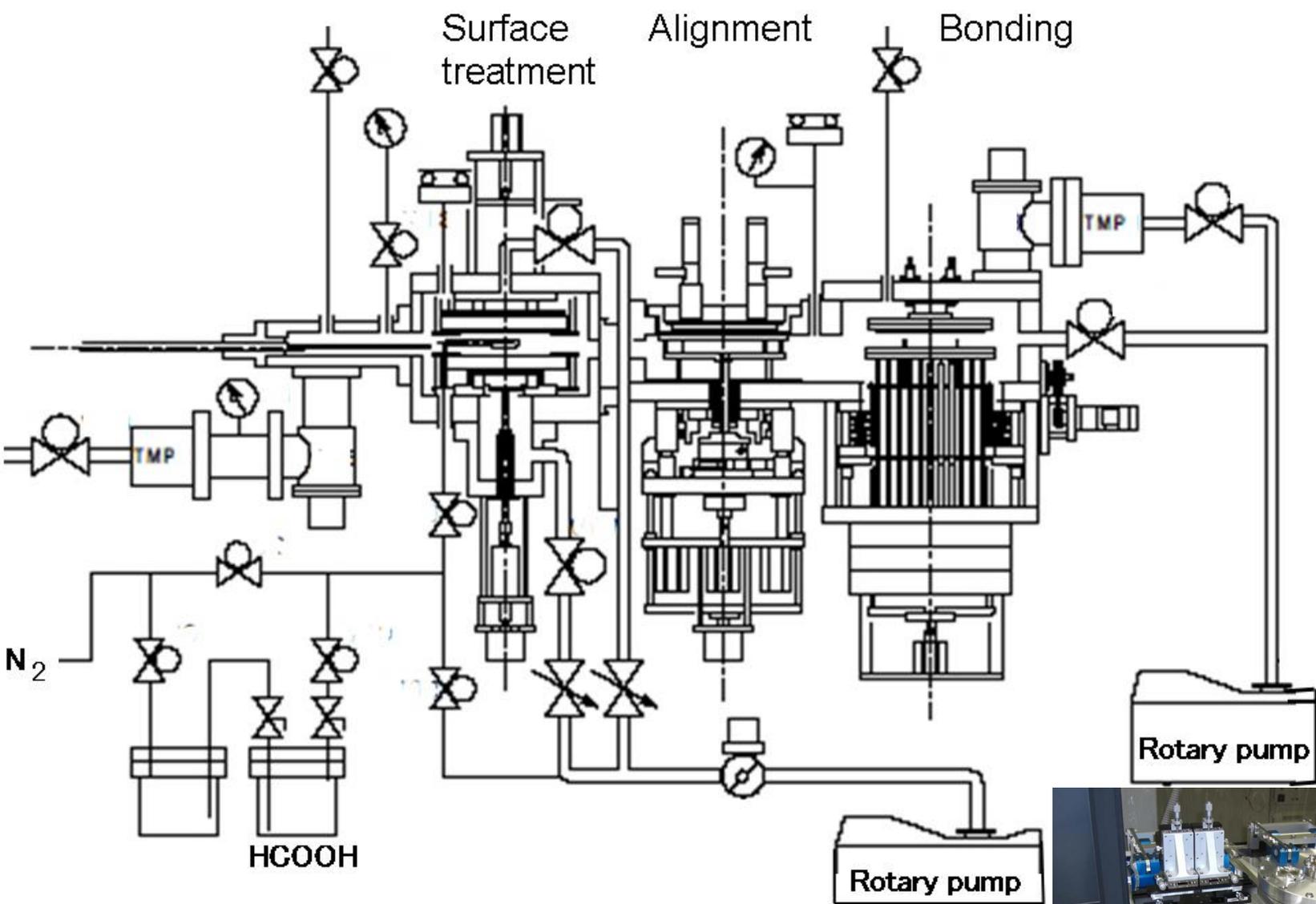


(b) Nano-porous gold bump by etching out of Sn from Au-Sn
(Collaboration with FhG ENAS)



(c) TLP (SLID) bonding using Cu-Sn-Cu

Electrical Interconnection from the feedthrough of LTCC



Metal-metal bonder

(S.Matsuzaki, S.Tanaka, T.Baba and M.Esashi, The 28th Sensor Symposium on Sensors, Micromachines and Applied Systems, Tokyo (2011) 63)

1. Introduction

2. Integrated MEMS by adhesive wafer bonding

Principle and filters

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Tactile sensor network

Massive parallel EB exposure system

3. Wafer level packaging

4. Open collaboration

5. Conclusions



Unique facility like toy
for MEMS prototyping

MEMS process facility for 20 mm wafer

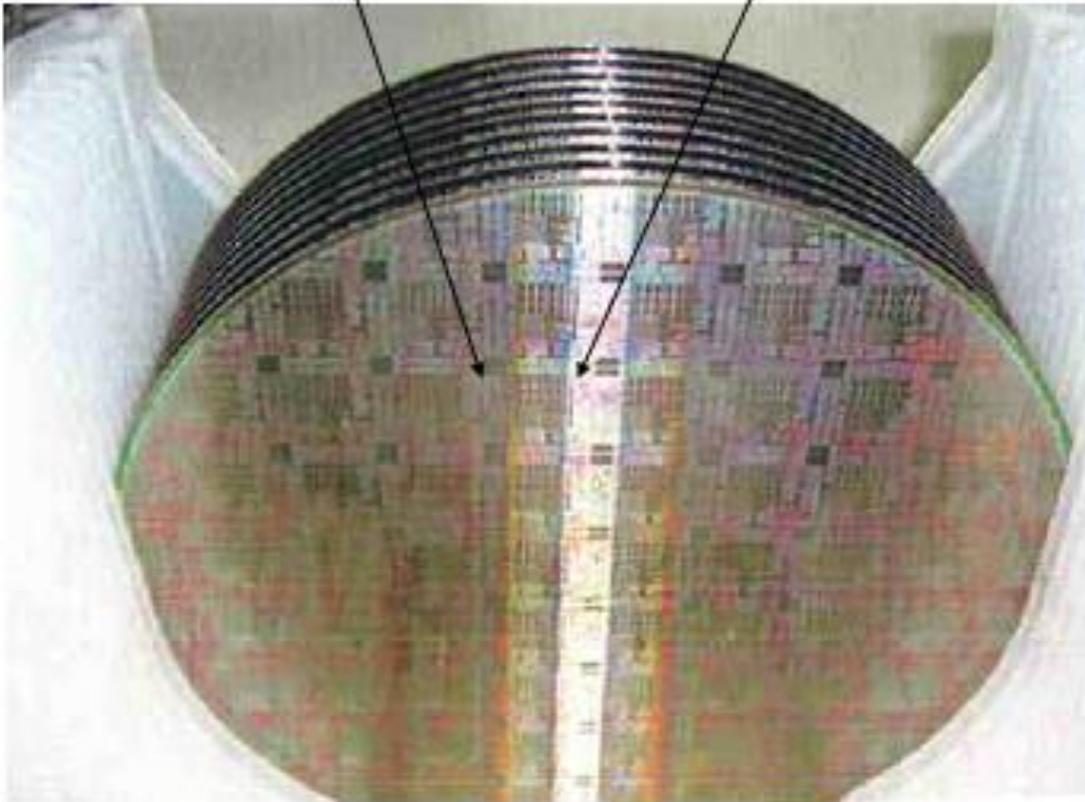
Many process equipments have been made in house.

Simple and basic equipments are suitable for **training people who have experiences of all the process** and for developing new devices taking advantages of process flexibility.

The facility has been shared by many laboratories.

More than 100 companies dispatched researchers (full time, 2years).

Company A	Company B
Project C	Project D

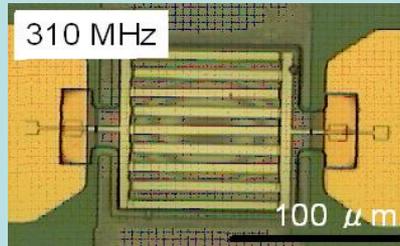


Ricoh,
 Toyota motor,
 Pioneer,
 Nippon signal,
 Toppan TDC,
 Kitagawa iron works,
 Sumitomo precision, NIDEC
 COPAL elec. Nikko,
 Toyota central R&D lab,
 Nippon dempa kogyo, Japan
 aviation elect. Ind., MEMS
 core,
 MEMSAS,
 Furukawa Electric,
 Denso
 Laboratories in Tohoku Univ.

Shared CMOS LSI wafer

Next generation wireless system group

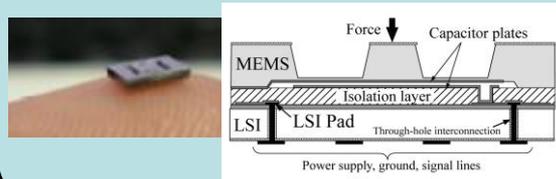
Yugami, Tanaka, Yamaguchi, Endo, Iguchi Toppan TDC, Nippon Dempa Kogyo



Multi-frequency Lamb wave oscillator

Sensor network, functional sensor group

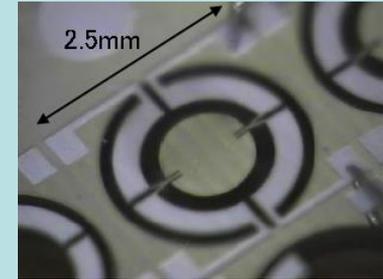
Kuwano, Miura, Ono, Tanaka, Nagasawa, Muroyama Kitagawa, Sumitomo precision product, Nidec copal electronics, Toyota, Toyota Central R&D, Pioneer



Tactile sensor network

Optical microsystem group

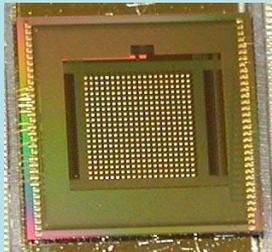
Hane, Kanamori, Kawai Ricoh, Nippon signal, Toyota, Toyota Central R&D, Furukawa Electric



2D PZT optical scanner

Biomedical microsystem group

Matsue, Nishizawa, Haga, Kusu Japan aviation electronics industry MEMSAS



Bio LSI

Fabrication test equipment group

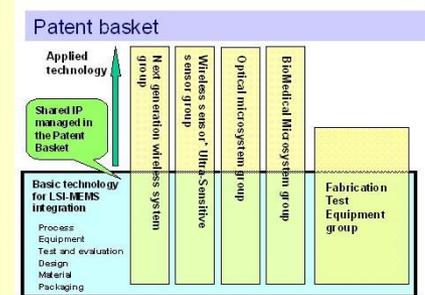
Samukawa, Esashi, Miura, Ono, Yamaguchi, Kumano, Miyashita MEMS core, Nikko



Metal-metal boner

Technology society system working group

Harayama, Sionoya, Kawai, Miyashita, Matsuzaki



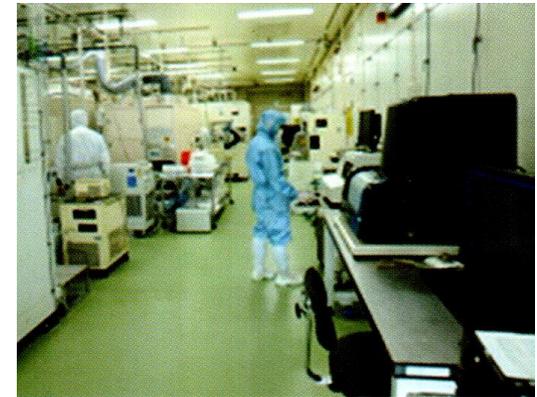
Shared patent



Tohoku Univ. Aobayama campus



Micro-nanomachining research and education center (2 inch LSI process line)

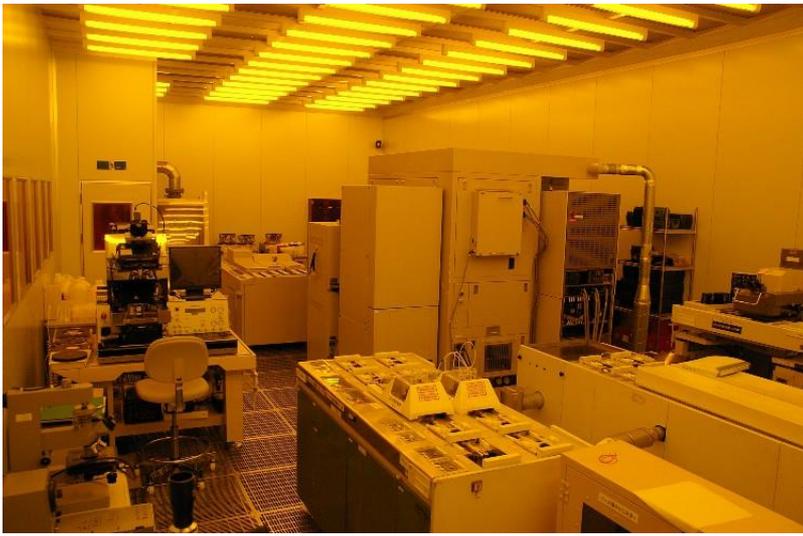


Jun-ichi Nishizawa memorial research center (4/6 inch MEMS process line)
(Hands-on access fab.)

MEMS prototyping room in Tohoku Univ.(20mm)
(Initial stage prototyping)

AIST MEMS building in Tsukuba (8 inch process line) (R.Maeda)
(Production stage prototyping)

Prototyping facilities [World-leading innovative R&D project 2010 ~ 2013FY](#)



Companies which cannot prepare their own facility dispatch their employees to operate equipments by themselves.

Shared facility for industry to prototype MEMS devices (4 / 6 inch)

Hands-on access fab. (Nishizawa memorial research center in Tohoku Univ.)

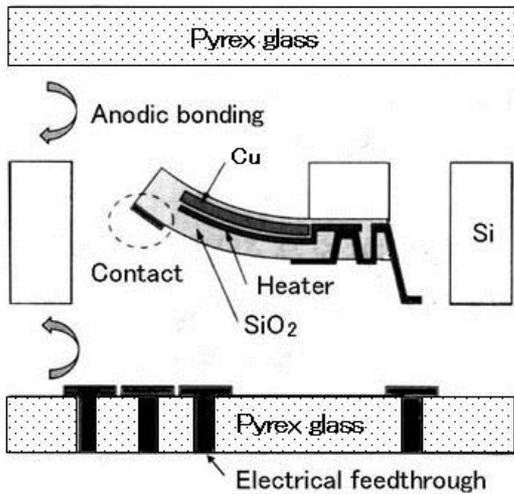
Contact person : Assoc. Prof. Kentaro Totsu totsu@mems.mech.tohoku.ac.jp 39



MEMS Core Co.Ltd (President : K.Honma)

**MEMS contract development, prototyping
and small volume production (2001~)**

<http://www.mems-core.com/>

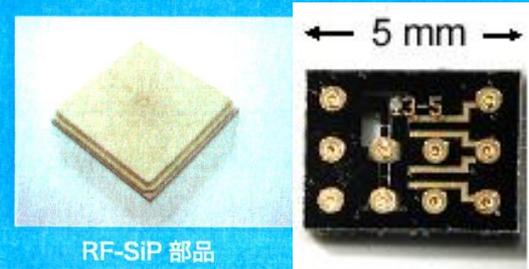


アドバンテスト社製 半導体試験装置 T2000 シリーズ

半導体デバイスの性能や動作を試験して
良品だけを世の中に送り出しているのが
アドバンテストの半導体試験装置



アドバンテスト コンポーネント社製 半導体試験装置を支える キーデバイスを提供



MEMS switch factory
(Advantest components (Sendai))

ADVANTEST®

Immune to electrostatic discharge up to 1000V
Wide frequency range (DC~10GHz)

MEMS switch for LSI tester

(A.Nakamura et.al., Advantest Technical
Report, 22 (2004), 9-16)

High-Frequency, Low Power Consumption MEMS Relay

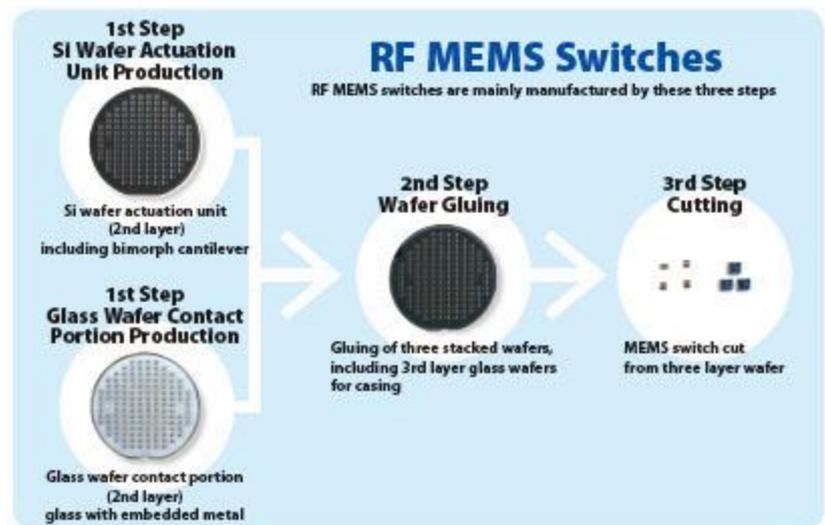
Advantest's high-frequency MEMS relay utilizes piezoelectric actuation to achieve low power consumption and high reliability. Via Advantest's proprietary deposition technology, the relay features a piezoelectric film only 1 micron thick, making low actuation voltage possible. The relay also has high reliability, using contact-point control technology honed in Advantest's semiconductor testing equipment, and it can handle up to 20 GHz high-frequency transmission, using Advantest's high-frequency measurement technology.

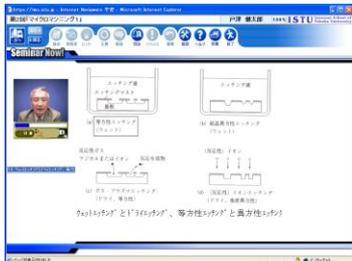
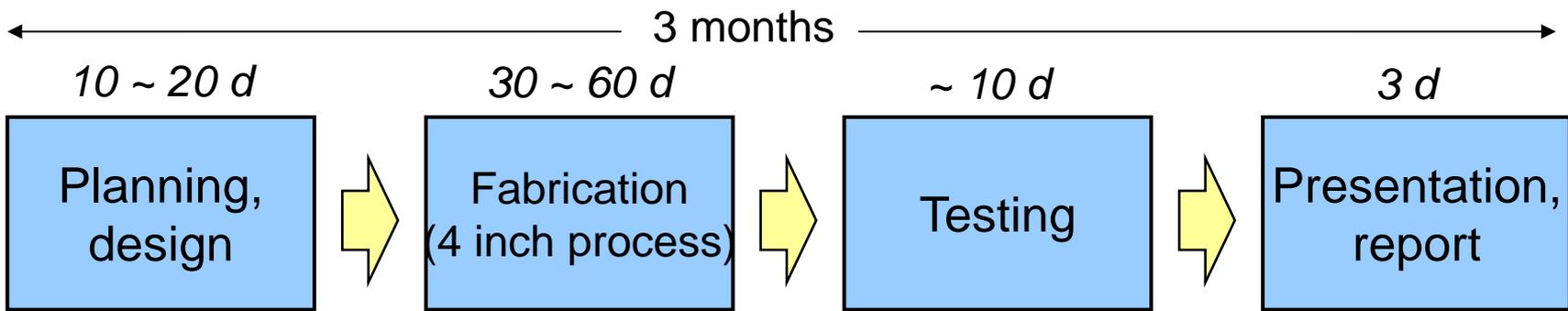
MEMS Relay Applications



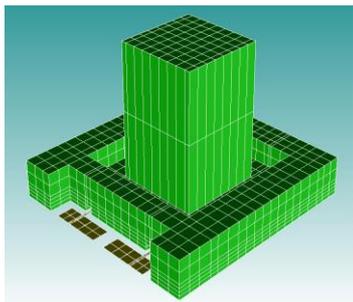
Semiconductor Testing Equipment, High-Speed Communications Devices, High-Frequency Measurement Equipment

MEMS Relay Production Process





Lectures on Internet School of Tohoku University



Design

Training of Fabrication

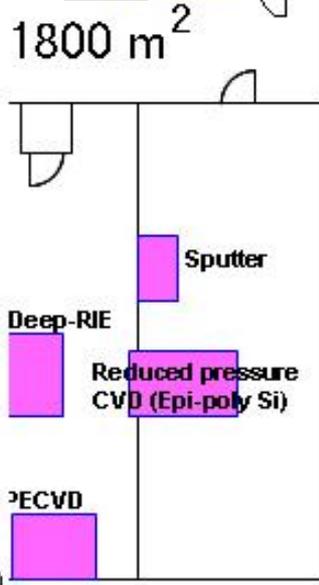
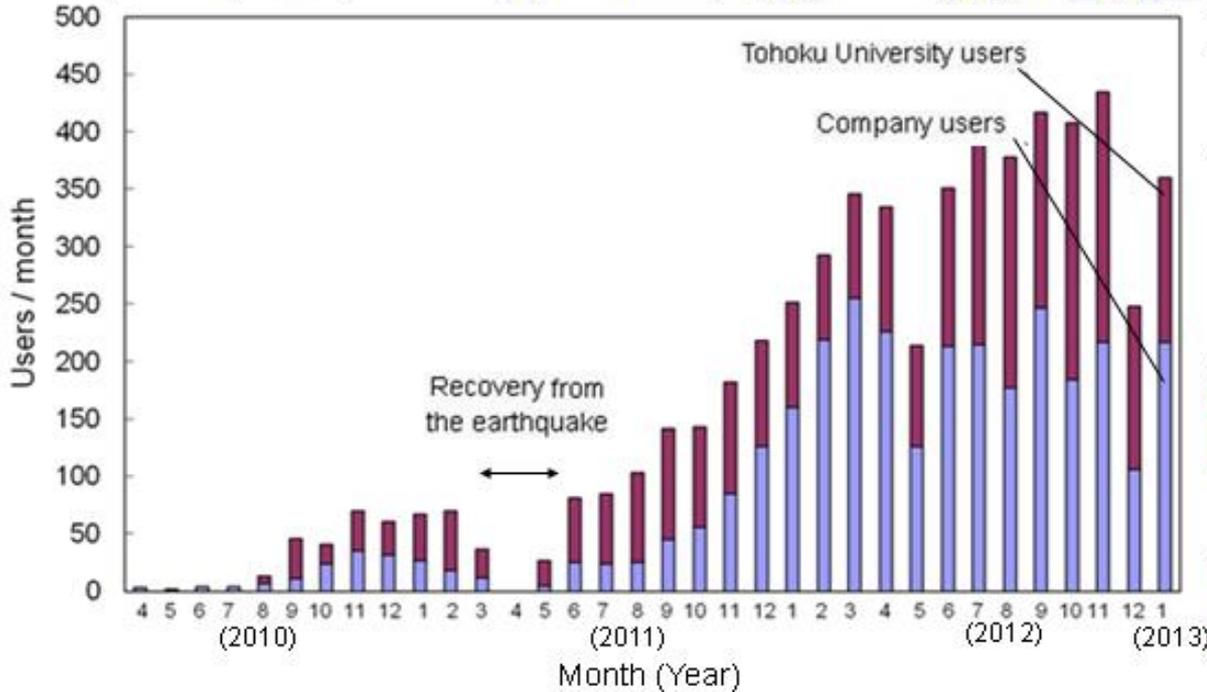
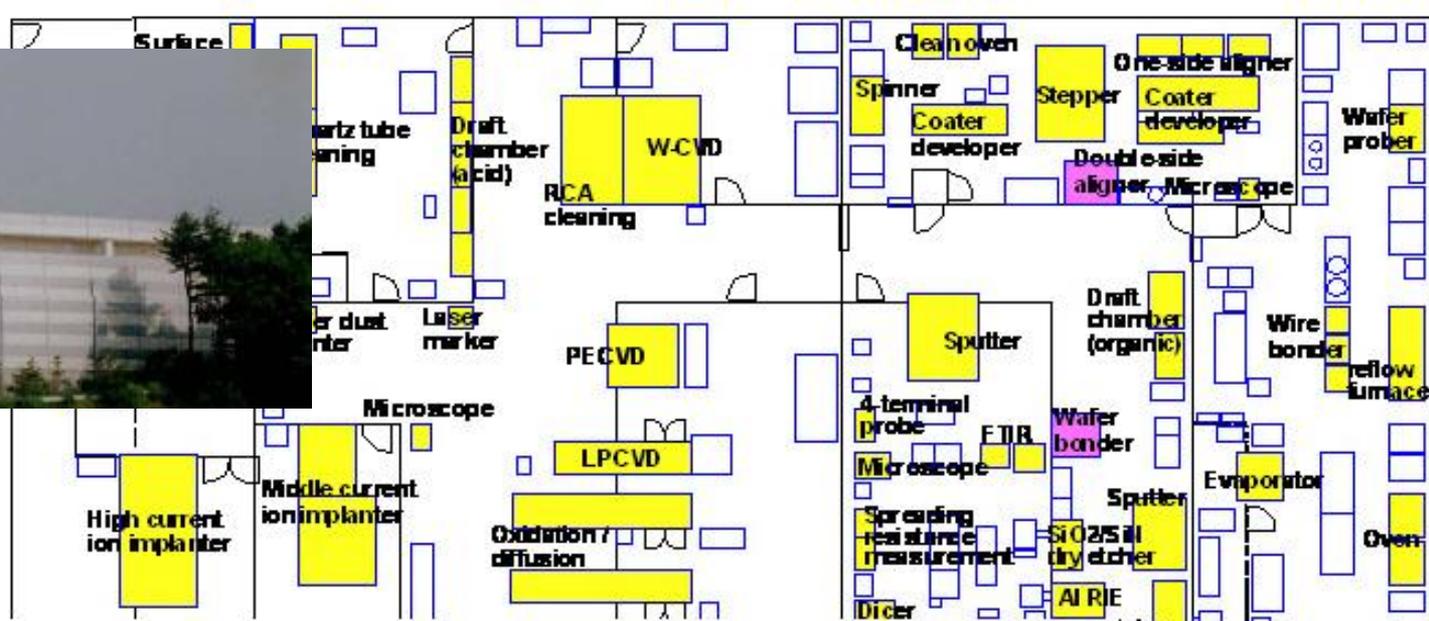
Ex. Capacitive 3-axis accelerometer

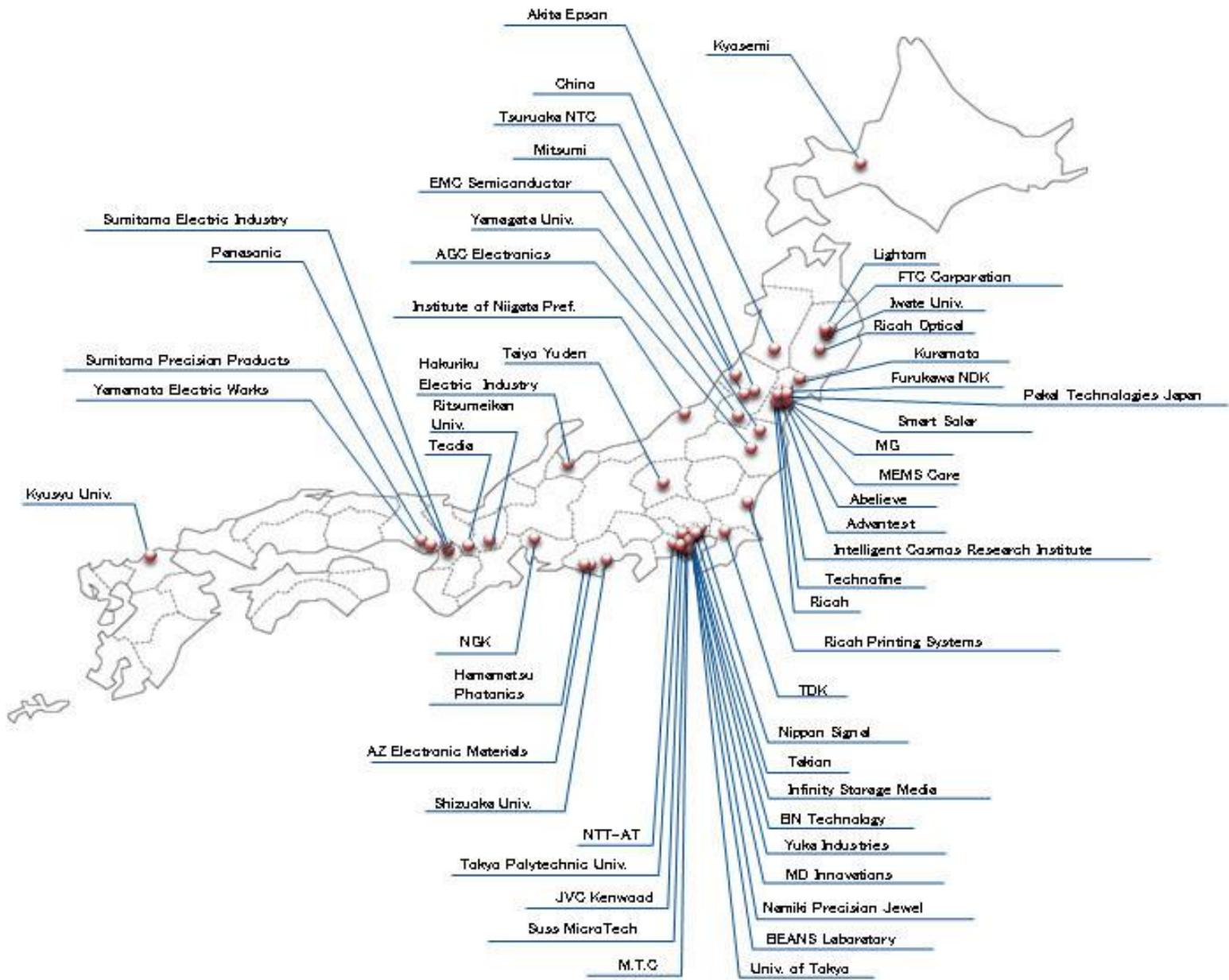
MEMS Training Program in Sendai MEMS park consortium

Since Apr.2007. Fee 1 million yen. **Trainee participate with own subject.**
16 companies participated.

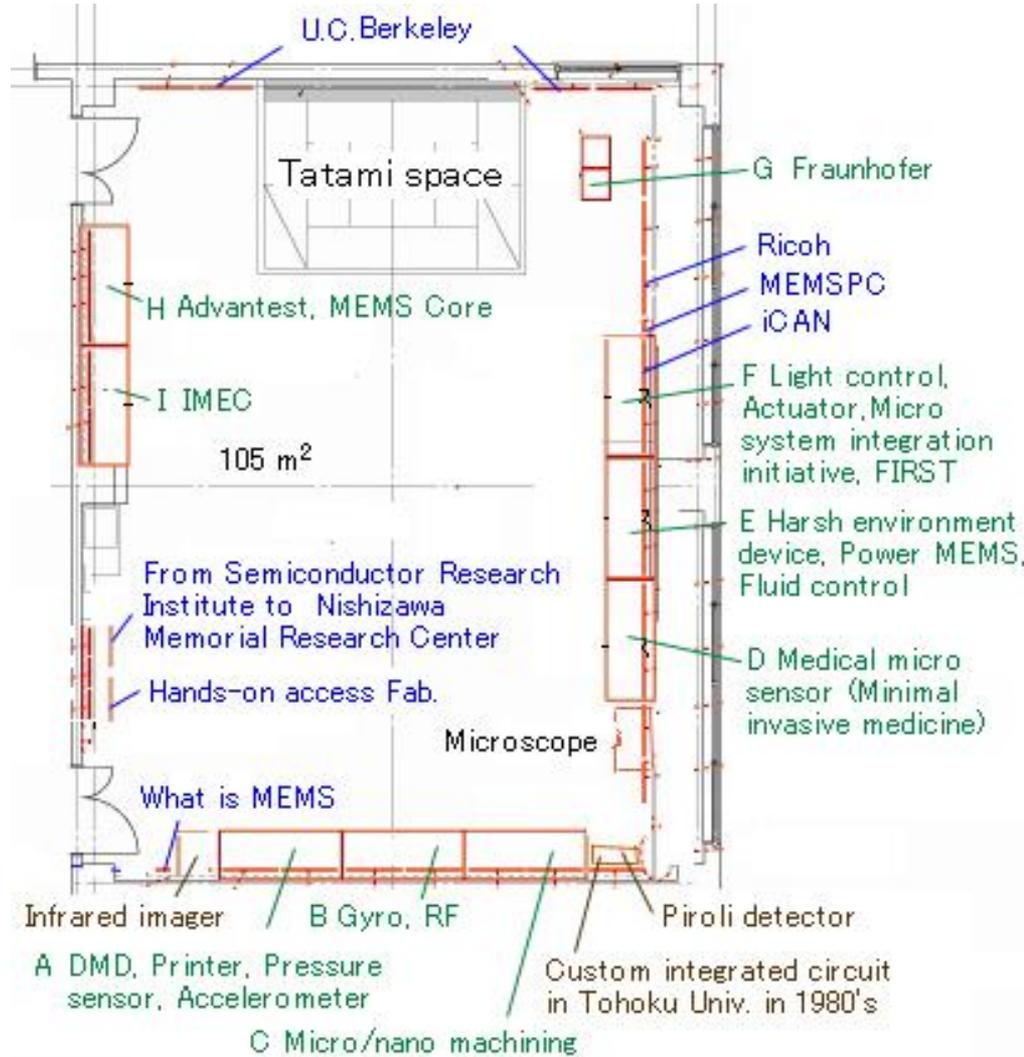


Nishizawa memorial research center





Users approximately 80 companies

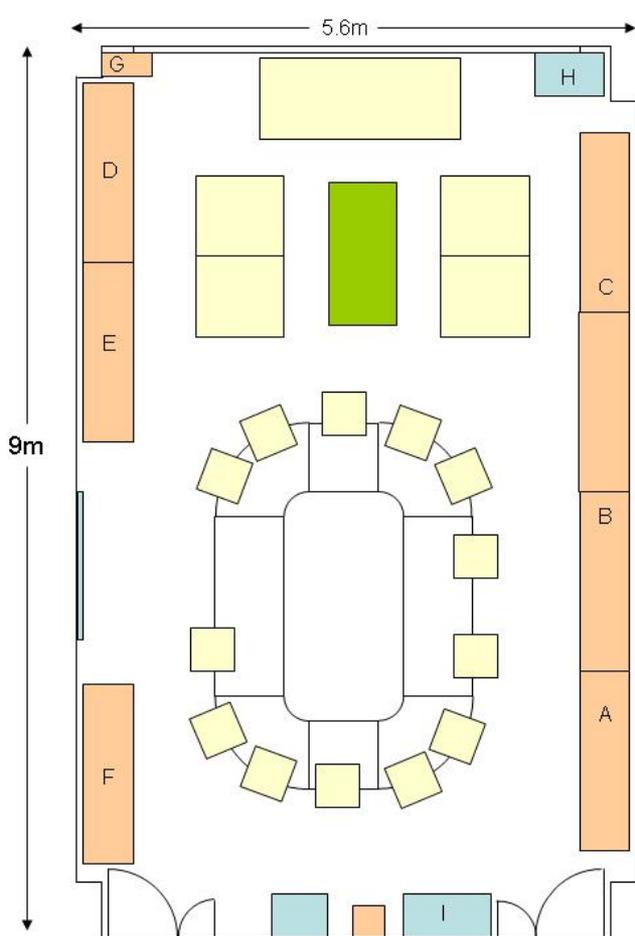


Sendai MEMS Showroom
July, 2012

Catalog Efficient way to access accumulated knowledge is important for heterogeneous integration

Sendai MEMS showroom (2012/5/16 renewal opening)

http://www.mu-sic.tohoku.ac.jp/showroom_e/index.html



A1 Electrical measurement : Galvanometer etc.

A2 Wired communication : Microphone, Headphone

A3 Wireless communication : Vacuum tube radio, Transistor radio

B1 Recording : phonograph (Edison), Vacuum tube magnetic tape recorder

B2 Computer : Mechanical computer, calculator

C1 Vacuum tube : Various vacuum tubes, Vacuum tubes for take-out, Manuals

C2 Transistor-IC : From vacuum tube to transistor, Development of LSI

C3 Haggerty's forecast (1964)

D1 Optical equipments : Microscope × 3, Analog recording camera, 8mm movie etc.

D2 Optical instruments : Radiation thermometer etc.

E1 Hobby : Mechanical doll, Aibo, Micro flying robot and computer controlled model car

E2 Automobile museum: Model T Ford, Model A Ford

E3 Nishizawa memorial room

F Materials for take-out (history of technology)

H Books on the history of technology

I Materials related to Tohoku Univ. and companies



Historical Museum of Technology

<http://www.mu-sic.tohoku.ac.jp/museum/>



FhG Germany – Sendai city partnership signing ceremony in Munich (July 15,2005)



FhG Germany – Sendai city partnership extension signing ceremony (July 13, 2010)



FhG Germany – Tohoku Univ. partnership signing ceremony in Sendai (Nov. 8, 2011)



Mayer of Sendai city Ms.E.Okuyama and president of FhG Prof. H.-J.Buringer

FhG Project center in WPI-AIMR, Tohoku Univ. (2012)

WPI-AIMR core members in IMEC (2012/6/21) Pi's Esashi, Ohno and Matsue

Strategic Partner Tohoku U · Stanford U · EPFL

- One university from each region,
Japan, USA and Europe
- Promotion of international research exchange
- Exchange of researchers and students



Stanford U

imec
Belgium

EPFL

Tohoku U



Hiroshi Kazui (Director, Tohoku Univ.) and Luc Van Den Hove (IMEC president)



Signing ceremony (2012/6/11)

(IMEC M.Yoneyama 2012/6/12)



MEMS PC member companies (80)

MEMS Park Consortium (MEMSPC)

MEMS Industry Group in USA

Industrial Tech. Inst. Miyagi Pref.

Sendai city

Germany FhG

Italy Poly Tech. Torino

USA U.C. Berkeley

Tokyo Univ. of Agriculture and Tech.

Crestec

Belgium IMEC

NICT

Chiba Univ.

Murata MFG

Tohoku Univ. Micro System Integration Center



- MEMS prototyping facility (20mm □)
- Micro/Nanomachining research and education Center (MNC) (2 inch LSI)
- Hands on access fab. (4/6 inch)

Funding program for world-leading Innovative R&D on Science and Technology (FIRST) (2010-2013) ~5MUS\$ / Year

AIST Research Center for Ubiquitous MEMS and Micro (UMEMSME) (8 inch)

Nissan motors, Dainippon Printing et.al.

Tsukuba Innovation Arena (TIA)

France LETI

MEMS Core (4/6 inch line)

Annex Esashi lab.

MEMS show room

Sendai stealth dicing lab.

Hamamatsu Photonics. et.al.

Collaboration

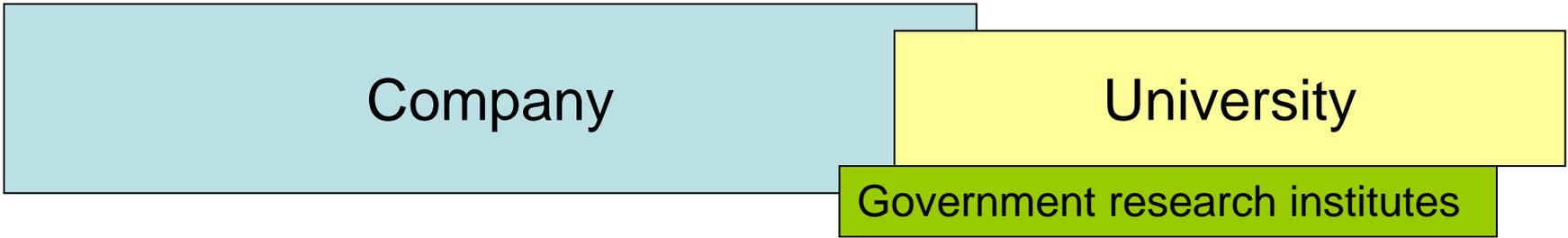
Local companies

Advantest components et.al.

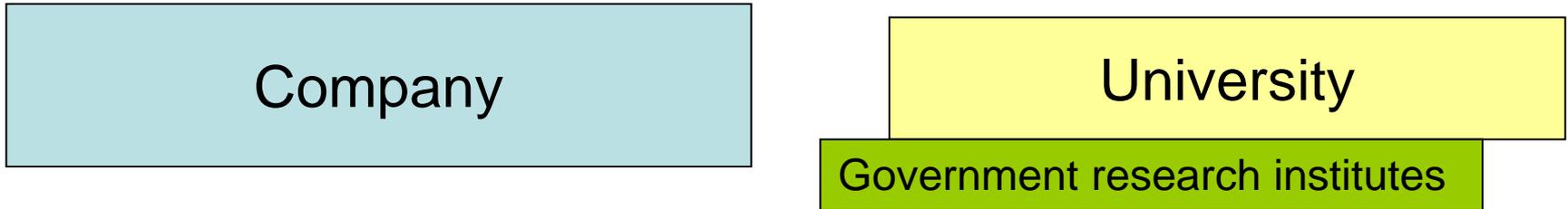
R&D Center of Excellence for Integrated Microsystems (2007-2016) ~5MUS\$ / Year

Ricoh, Toyota motor, Pioneer, Nippon signal, Toppan technical design center, Kitagawa iron works, Sumitomo precision, NIDEC COPAL electronics, Nikko, Toyota central R&D labs, Nippon dempa kogyo, Japan aviation electronics industry, MEMS core, MEMSAS, Furukawa Electric, Denso

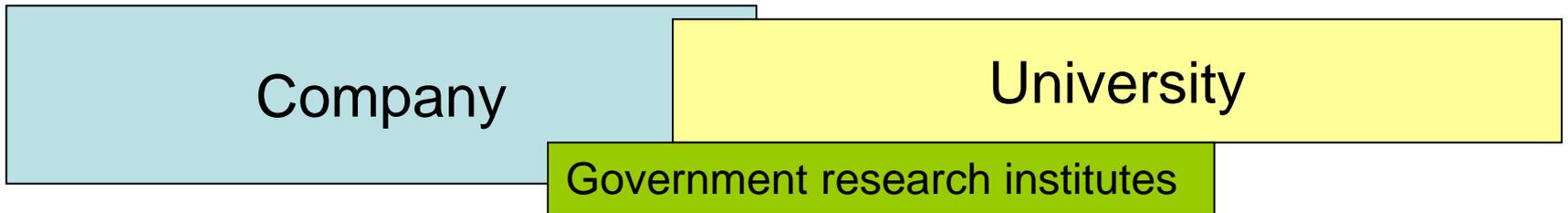
In the past



At present



In future



Application

Facility for prototyping

Basic

Efficient development for heterogeneous integration

Information from universities

(MEMS park consortium <http://www.memspc.jp>)

Free MEMS Seminar in Tokyo (Aug. 23-25, 2006) 280 attendees

Free MEMS Seminar in Sendai (Aug. 22-24, 2007) 75 attendees

Free MEMS Seminar in Fukuoka (Aug.20-22, 2008) 150 attendees

Free MEMS Seminar in Nagoya (Aug.4-6, 2009) 100 attendees

Free MEMS Seminar in Tsukuba (Aug.5-7, 2010) 211 attendees

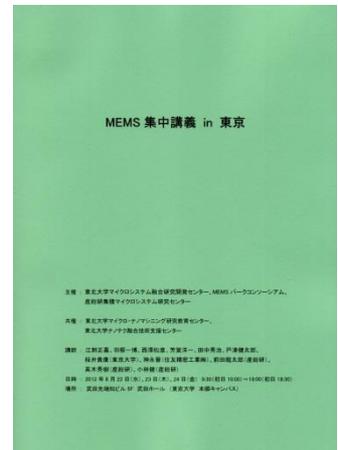
Free MEMS Seminar in Kyoto (Aug.9-11, 2011) 175 attendees

Free MEMS Seminar in Tokyo (Aug.22-24, 2012) 226 attendees

High-tech. small volume production

Efficient utilization of facilities

MEMS seminar



Conclusions

1. Adhesive bonding for Wafer-Level Hetero Integration
(Filters, Piezoelectric switches, tactile sensor network, massive parallel EB exposure system).
2. Wafer level packaging using LTCC with through-via interconnection.
3. Open collaboration for MEMS on LSI.



Assoc.Prof.
S.Tanaka
(RF MEMS)

Assis.Prof.
M.Muroyama
(LSI design)

Assis.Prof.
S.Yoshida
(Piezo electric)

Guest Prof.
T.Gessner
(Packaging)

Assis.Prof.
Y.C.Lin
(MEMS materials)

Acknowledgment to collaborators

FhG ENAS Germany